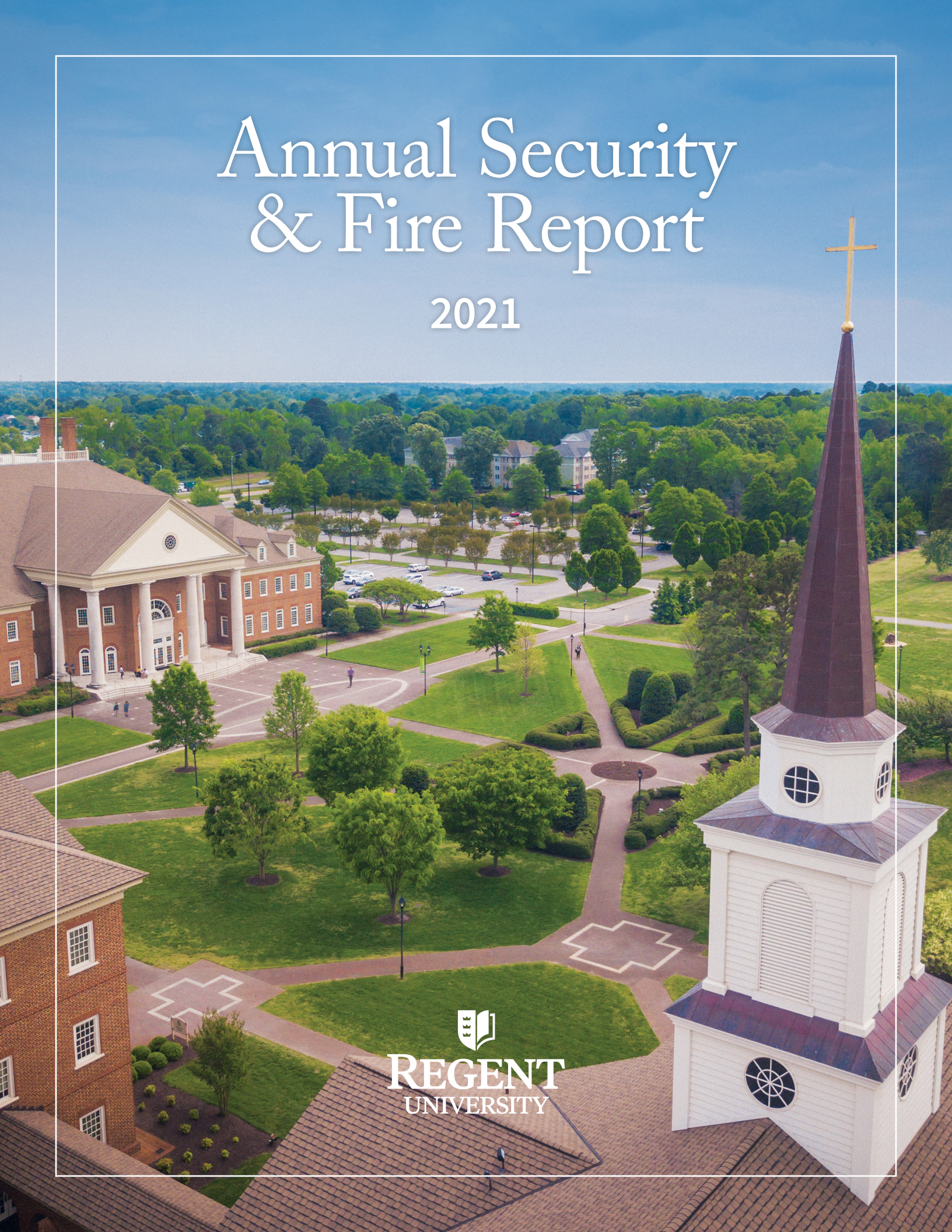


Annual Security & Fire Report

2021



REGENT
UNIVERSITY

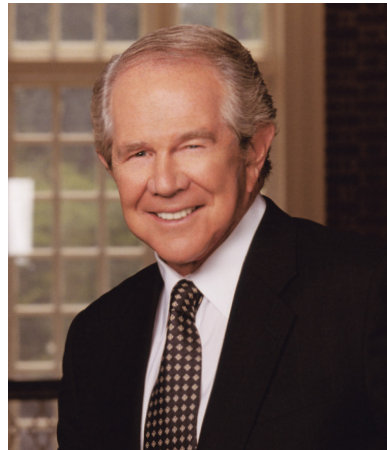
2021 Annual Security & Fire Safety Report

POLICIES & PROCEDURES AT REGENT UNIVERSITY

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A Letter From the Chancellor & CEO



Dear Friend,

Regent University is one of the fastest-growing universities in the nation. Guided by a mission of *Christian Leadership to Change the World*, we prepare students with the knowledge to excel and the faith to live with purpose.

Today, Regent is a vibrant, bustling campus of more than 13,000 students studying both on campus in Virginia Beach, Virginia, and online. Our on-campus student population includes nearly 2,000 students preparing to advance in their careers and make a meaningful difference in their fields and communities. Our top priorities are sustaining an environment of safety, crime prevention and community enrichment.

I'm proud to report an excellent safety record and inform you that Regent University is consistently included among the nation's safest private higher education institutions. Chief Chris Mitchell and his police force deliver a tremendous safety program and a comprehensive 24 hours per day, seven days per week surveillance of the campus. Please review this booklet to learn more about our safety services, policies, and reports.

Dr. M.G. "Pat" Robertson
Founder, Chancellor & CEO
Regent University



About Regent University

Since 1978, Regent University has prepared over 33,000 alumni to succeed in their careers and make a positive difference in the world. Our diverse student body represents all 50 states and 64 countries; and 40 religious denominations. More than providing diplomas, Regent delivers an education that matters to the world and to our graduates who are ready to serve with excellence, integrity and innovation.

Accredited and affordable, Regent offers online and on-campus associate, bachelor's, master's, and doctoral degrees in more than 150 areas of study, including business, communication and the arts, counseling, cybersecurity, divinity, education, government, law, leadership, nursing, healthcare, and psychology.

Regent has been ranked among top national universities and #1 Best Online Bachelor's Programs in Virginia for 10 consecutive years (U.S. News & World Report). We're also ranked #1 Best Online Christian College in America (Bible College Online), Best for Vets: Colleges (Military Times), and one of only 24 universities nationally "A" Rated for comprehensive liberal arts curriculum (American Council of Trustees and Alumni).

All great universities are repositories of knowledge, economic drivers for their communities, and nurturers of human potential. But they also have a responsibility to help shape a society that will be more productive, engaging, and virtuous. Regent is founded on biblical principles and the belief that we will make a significant difference in our world.

A Message From the Chief of Police



Thank you for reviewing our Annual Security & Fire Safety Report. This Report contains information on safety, security policies, procedures, safety programs, and available resources at Regent University. Statistical crime data, as well as fire safety information for all university-owned housing, are also provided. This report conforms with the Jeanne Clery Act of 1998, including the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013.

Regent University continues to review and improve our Campus Safety program as we completed a Homeland Security Critical Infrastructure Vulnerability Assessment. Recommendations to improve campus safety are being implemented, and policies updated to maintain our safe, educational environment. This report and the information therein are the product of intentional collaboration between representatives from Regent University Police, Student Life and the Title IX office. Human Resources and the University's executive leadership provided additional contributions and support.

We are dedicated to serving our students, faculty and staff. Our officers monitor the campus by video surveillance, vehicle, and foot patrols. We remain committed to the principle of community policing and look forward to every opportunity to serve. The prevention of crime is our primary concern, and you play a vital role in our ability to maintain safety in our campus environment.

I encourage you to review this report, participate in the safety and educational programs we offer, and utilize the resources provided by Regent University. If you observe any criminal behavior or suspicious activity, contact the RUPD Communications Center at 757.226.2075. For on-campus emergencies, you may call from any campus phone by dialing 2911 or 4911. Please program the dispatch phone number into your residential or cell phone. If dialing from a phone, not on Regent's network, the numbers are 757.352.4911; 757.226.2911.

Let us continue to work together to keep our campus safe.

Chris A. Mitchell Sr.
Vice President, Chief of Police

Regent University Campus Police

The Regent University Police Department (RUPD) is the primary agency for responding to and investigating crimes that occur on campus. In the event of a major offense (e.g., rape, murder, aggravated assault, robbery), RUPD will coordinate a joint response with the Virginia Beach Police Department via mutual aid agreement as required by law to investigate the offense. The prosecution of all criminal offenses, both felony and misdemeanor, are conducted at the Virginia Beach General District Court and Circuit Court. Regent University Police officers work closely with local, state and federal law enforcement agencies and regularly communicate with the City of Virginia Beach Police Department. If a university student commits minor offenses involving university rules and regulations, RUPD may also refer the individual to the disciplinary division of the Office of Student Services.

Enforcement Authority

All Regent University Police officers are sworn law enforcement officers under the Code of Virginia. Regent University police officers are armed and possess the same police powers under the law as city police officers, with authority to apprehend and arrest anyone involved in illegal acts on campus and areas immediately adjacent to the campus.

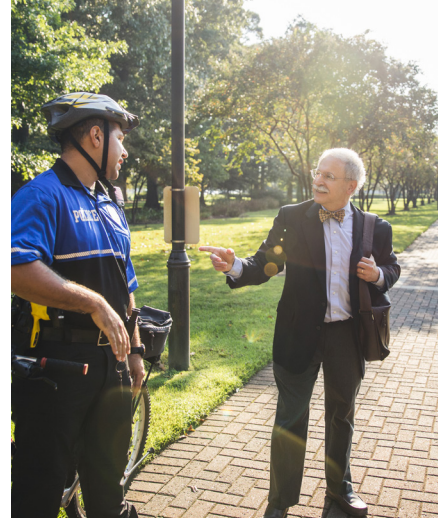
In addition to RUPD's staff of law enforcement officers, they also employ Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services certified Armed Guards who have arrest authority supplemental to VA Code 9.1-146.

Responding to Crimes

The Regent University Police Department responds to all reports of criminal activity occurring on or immediately surrounding the campus. In response to a call for service, an officer will be immediately dispatched to the scene. An incident report will be generated for all reported crimes, including sexual assault, domestic violence, stalking, and dating violence. The laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia and the United States guide the response to and the investigation of any crimes committed on campus. RUPD officers will assist victims of crime, and their safety and protection will be a priority of responding officers.

Cooperation with Local & State Agencies

To provide the highest level of service and to combine resources, RUPD networks with many outside agencies. At the municipal level, Regent University Police Department works closely with the City of Virginia Beach Police Department, Virginia Beach Emergency Communications and Citizen Services, and the City of Virginia Beach Department of Emergency Management, Fire Department and Emergency Medical Services. State and federal agencies include the Virginia State Police, FBI, U.S. Secret Service, NCIS, and the U.S. Postal Inspector. In addition to these working relationships, RUPD maintains professional memberships with organizations, including the Virginia Association of Chiefs of Police, Hampton Roads Criminal Justice Training Academy, the Commission on Accreditation of Law Enforcement Agencies, and the Virginia Association of Campus Law Enforcement Administrators.





Reporting Crimes

Students, faculty, staff, and guests are encouraged to report all crimes and public safety-related incidents to the Regent University Police Department in a timely manner. To report a crime or any incident on the Regent University campus, call RUPD at extension 2075; or from outside the phone system, 757.226.2075. Dispatchers are available 24 hours a day to answer your call. In response to a call, RUPD will respond and take the required action. Campus police incident reports involving Regent University are forwarded to the appropriate university officials for review and appropriate action only when necessary or required. If assistance is required from the Virginia Beach Police Department or the Virginia Beach Fire Department, they will be immediately contacted and dispatched to the campus. House telephones are located within each building to provide on-campus dialing services at no cost. They are available in the following locations:

- **Every Classroom** – All buildings
- **Administration Building** – 2nd floor
- **Classroom Building** – 1st floor
- **University Library** – Lobby
- **Robertson Hall** – 1st floor
- **Communication Building** – Each floor
- **Dede Robertson Student Center** – 1st floor

Campus Security Authorities

RUPD understands there may be instances in which a campus community member may be hesitant about reporting crimes to campus police. Campus Security Authorities (CSA) exists as an alternative in reporting crimes to RUPD. CSAs are non-law enforcement personnel who have significant responsibility for student and campus activities. They have been advised in their role of receiving crime reports, provided a CSA-designated online crime reporting form, and given CSA guidance through an online document distributed on an annual basis.

The following offices are designated as CSAs:

- The Executive Vice Presidents for Academic Affairs & Student Life
- Dean & Assistant Dean of Student Services
- Associate Dean for Student Affairs, School of Law
- Title IX Coordinators & Investigators
- Assistant Director of Student Services
- Regent University Police Department
- Office of Residence Life staff, inclusive of Resident Assistants (RAs) and Resident Directors (RDs)
- Campus Ministries staff, inclusive of Connect Group Leaders (CGLs)
- Student Activities & Leadership staff
- Athletic Department coaches, trainers and staff
- Faculty/staff advisors of student clubs and organizations

Given the exception afforded to pastoral and/or professional counselors by the Clery Act, pastoral and professional counseling staff members are not required to report crimes for inclusion in the disclosure of crime statistics while serving these specific functions. This exception also applies to doctoral student clinicians and their supervising faculty in the Psychological Services Center. These professionals will, however, report crimes to the proper authorities in cases of threat to self, threat to others, child abuse, and elder abuse. These confidential resources are encouraged to inform their client(s) of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Title IX Coordinator

The Title IX coordinator (TIXC) is the employee whose responsibilities include overseeing all Title IX complaints and investigations, identifying and addressing any patterns or systemic problems that arise during the review of such complaints, and educating the university community on Title IX compliance.

- **REPORTING:** Takes all reports and complaints of sexual harassment and assault; assigns cases to Deputy Title IX coordinators and investigators, identifies and addresses any systemic patterns; works with Clery Compliance Officer
- **INVESTIGATING:** The Title IX team promptly and thoroughly investigates each complaint and interviews all parties involved
- **EDUCATING:** Trains students, faculty and staff on Title IX-related issues and how to report; answers questions on the subject matter

Regent University's Title IX Coordinator is Amber Steele. You can contact her at 757.352.4928 or asteele@regent.edu. The university's Deputy Title IX Coordinator is Jennifer Gribble. You can contact her at 757.352.4968 or jgribble@regent.edu.

Emergency Call Boxes

Emergency call boxes are strategically located outdoors throughout the campus for your safety and convenience in the event of an emergency occurring outside the campus buildings. All call boxes immediately connect you to the Regent University Police Department's Dispatch Center, where communications officers are on duty 24 hours a day to send assistance. If you feel your personal safety is at risk or if you observe criminal activity, contact RUPD.

Locations of Emergency Call Boxes:

1. Between Robertson Hall and University Library
2. Between the Student Center and the fountain
3. East side of Classroom Building on Ring Road
4. Center of Regent Commons parking lot
5. Between the rear of the library and the library parking lot (near book drop)
6. In front of the Communication & Performing Arts Center
7. Adjacent to the bridge behind Regent Commons
8. Between Shaw Chapel and Divinity Building on the parking lot side



Anonymous Reporting

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the university system or the criminal justice system, you should still consider making a confidential report. With your permission, the Chief or a designee of RUPD can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, Regent University can keep accurate records of the number of incidents involving students, determine where there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. RUPD and Regent University will evaluate every crime reported in the context of the university's responsibility to provide a safe and nondiscriminatory environment for all students. This means that RUPD and Regent University may not be able to promise confidentiality in all cases. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crime statistics for the institution. Although you may feel uncomfortable reporting a crime, including those that may fall under Title IX, consider the future safety of others and the possible prevention of crime that will result from your confidential report. An anonymous report can be made on the RUPD website at: <https://www.regent.edu/about-regent/regent-university-police-department/#tab-reporting>. An anonymous report can also be made on the Regent University Behavioral Intervention Team (RUBIT) website at: <https://www.regent.edu/general/RUBIT/>.

Timely Warnings and Emergency Notification

The Regent University Alert system provides campus constituents with timely warnings in the event of an emergency or incident that poses a threat to the campus, as well as other forms of notification for incidents not rising to the level of a timely warning. The "timely warning" is initiated when an incident or an emergency situation of human or natural origin has been verified to pose a threat to the campus community. The nature of the emergency, location, and what constituents must do in response is communicated via email, phone call, or text message and posted to the university website when warranted.

Depending on the nature of the incident and the expected impact on the campus community, the Regent University Police Department or other responsible university authorities will initiate the timely warning or other notification, depending on the severity and nature of the incident. In the event of confirmed threats or emergency situations that require immediate or urgent notification, the Chief of Police or designee will authorize the emergency notification based on the established operational guidelines.

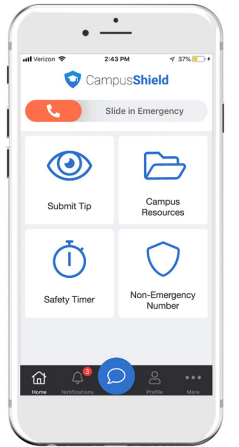
When necessary, the broader Virginia Beach community will be notified by contacting the Virginia Beach Emergency Communication Center and Citizen Services (VBECCS) to advise them of any significant emergency on campus. A follow-up message will be sent to provide adequate information regarding the resolution of the incident in question or whether further action should be taken.

Campus Shield Mobile App

The free Campus Shield mobile app is an emergency communication tool between the campus community and RUPD. It includes a safety escort request and Regent Shuttle tracker, links to safety awareness tips, emergency procedures, and other campus safety resources.

Backed by a robust geo-mapping feature, the Campus Shield mobile app also offers the following major components:

- **Emergency Calling** – Members of the Regent community can place an emergency call within the app, which will be directed to the nearest emergency communications center for emergency assistance 24/7, anywhere on or off campus.
- **iReports** – Users can send text messages (anonymously, if they choose) along with a photo or video directly to RUPD to alert them of any need for police or emergency response.
- **Friend Watch** – App users can alert friends or family of their location as an added security measure. This action provides an update as a person moves between one place and another, allowing the alerted individuals to watch the location of the app user's phone until they arrive at their destination and give the all-clear update.



Crime Prevention & Awareness Programs

All incoming students, staff and faculty receive safety and crime prevention information when they arrive on campus to begin studies or employment. The university offers awareness programs and sexual violence prevention training throughout the year. In addition, the department offers training to on-campus residents in the form of personal safety classes. We provide this training to encourage students and employees to be responsible for their security and the security of others. Information regarding crime prevention services and resources such as bicycle registration and educational PDFs on various topics, including locking doors and general campus safety tips, can be found here: <https://www.regent.edu/about-regent/regent-university-police-department/#tab-resources>.



Campus Access

All university buildings are access controlled by magnetic card readers. University buildings are accessible during a wide span of time during the school year. Building hours are subject to change at the discretion of the university. The schedule as of the Fall 2021 semester was as follows:

Location	Day of Week	Hours
Administration Building	Monday-Friday	7 a.m. – 10 p.m.
	Saturday & Sunday	Closed
Shaw Chapel	Monday-Wednesday & Friday	7 a.m. – 10 p.m.
	Thursday	7 a.m. – 12 a.m.
	Saturday & Sunday	Closed
Divinity Building & Classroom Buildings	Monday-Saturday	7 a.m. – 12 a.m.
	Sunday	Closed
Robertson Hall Communications Building Student Center	Monday-Sunday	7 a.m. – 12 a.m.
Library Building (ext. doors)	Sunday-Thursday	7 a.m. – 12 a.m.
	Friday & Saturday	7 a.m. – 10 p.m.

Variations of the above hours typically occur on holiday weekends and during semester breaks. Changes in normal building hours usually will be posted in advance on university bulletin boards. Please use a “buddy” system in university buildings, especially when studying after 5 p.m. Do not study alone, and do not leave someone else alone during late night hours. Police escorts are available upon request. The university reserves the right to restrict access to any location on campus at any time and to any person.

Registered Sex Offenders

In accordance with the federal Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000, RUPD has provided a link to the Virginia State Police Sex Offender Registry at <http://sex-offender.vsp.virginia.gov/sor>. This searchable database lists all registered sex offenders in the area.

Daily Crime Log

A daily log of all crimes occurring within the jurisdiction of the Regent University Police Department is maintained at police headquarters. The hard copy of the daily crime log is available upon request for viewing during normal business hours. Complete publicly available recording keeping, including Clery Act reporting and disclosures, will be made available without the inclusion of personally identifying information about victims.

Substance Abuse Policy

In order to comply with the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989, as amended, Regent University has developed the following guidelines in conjunction with the Personal Standards of Conduct:

1. The Bible calls us to a sober mind and sound judgment. The university requires that members of the Regent community—faculty, staff and students—refrain from the illegal use of drugs and the abuse of addictive substances controlled by law. Consistent with this policy, the use, possession, manufacture, distribution, or sale of illegal drugs or drug paraphernalia is prohibited. Students with valid prescriptions for controlled medications are permitted to possess and use those medications on campus. The misuse, sale or distribution of prescription medications is prohibited.

2. In keeping with a call to a sober mind and sound judgment, Regent also forbids the use, consumption, possession, cultivation, distribution or sale of alcohol, tobacco, marijuana, or other controlled substances on university premises, including university housing, at any official function, any event supported by Regent University funds or any event identified with or directly linked to the university. Non-tobacco and nicotine alternative smoking products, such as alternative nicotine products, are also prohibited. The Apostle Paul exhorts the body of Christ that, if they truly loved their fellow man, they would set aside personal freedom by refraining from behavior that might be a stumbling block to weaker brethren. The university encourages members of the Regent community to exercise personal responsibility and, guided by Paul’s admonition, appropriately set aside personal freedom and refrain from using alcohol, tobacco, and marijuana.
3. Any use of alcohol, tobacco, marijuana, or controlled substances that results in a criminal violation (e.g., drunken driving, public nuisance, disorderly conduct, use of these substances by a minor) is considered a substance abuse violation and will be dealt with through the disciplinary process, whether or not the student is charged with or convicted of a crime.
4. Any incident that occurs as a result of the use of alcohol, marijuana, or other controlled substances that, in the judgment of the university administration, reflects negatively on the image of the university or disrupts the campus’ learning or living environment, will be considered a violation of the standard of Personal Conduct and will be dealt with accordingly. In some instances, violations could result in removal from student housing or suspension or dismissal from the university.
5. Legal CBD supplements that do not violate other university policies, such as but not limited to smoking and drug abuse, are currently permitted on campus. However, be advised that the university reserves the right to test CBD products. University community members, including faculty, staff, student, and guests, must comply when university officials request testing of CBD products. University officials will also require proof of purchase with the original packaging of all CBD products in question.
6. Federal and state underage drinking laws are enforced on campus. Underage drinking is not tolerated and is grounds for disciplinary action.

Students who feel they have a problem with alcohol or drug use may contact Regent Counseling Services at 757.352.4485 for nonpunitive, confidential guidance in confronting the issue. Students who proactively seek support for substance abuse problems can, in some instances, avoid conduct sanctions if the student adheres to all accountability measures and expectations set forth by the university. The university’s Drug & Alcohol Abuse Prevention Program (DAAPP) can be found in full here: <https://www.regent.edu/drug-alcohol-abuse-prevention-program/>.

Alcohol & Drug Prevention Events and Programs

All students, both online and on campus, are educated about the university’s alcohol abuse and drug policies through in-person and/or virtual orientation programs detailing the university’s alcohol and drug policies and the possible sanctions/consequences that can result from violating these policies. Student leaders that work in the residence halls (i.e., Resident Assistants and Life Group Leaders) and student-athletes participate in annual training, which include alcohol and drug education. On-campus departments, such as the Psychological Services Center (PSC) and the Office of Student Activities and Leadership, facilitate annual campus events promoting alcohol and drug abuse education. Some of these student events include:

- Substance abuse screenings are facilitated by the PSC Outreach Team on campus (including the residence halls) during the spring semester—students are referred to counseling based on the results of surveys administered to them by the PSC Team. These screenings are voluntary and open to everyone when events are held.
- Presentations in residence halls; and with athletic teams as a partnership between Residence Life, PSC Outreach Team and Counseling Services.
- All Regent-sponsored events held on and off campus throughout the academic year are alcohol-free, including the popular Party at the O, which incorporates dancing, music and fun in a safe environment. Also included: a Christmas ball, end-of-year graduation celebration, intramural sports, and numerous other themed activities.
- Alcohol education programs, such as Mocktails With a Twist, are facilitated to educate students about the short- and long-term effects of underage and binge drinking.

Weapons Policy

Regent University faculty, staff, students, and visitors are prohibited from using or possessing fireworks, firearms, or other dangerous weapons or material on university property. Firearms are defined as any gun, rifle, pistol or handgun designed to fire bullets, BBs, pellets, or shots regardless of the propellant used. Weapons include, but are not limited to, pepper spray, tasers, knives, razors, metal knuckles, hatchets, foils, blackjacks, nunchucks, bows, and arrows, or any explosive or incendiary devices.

Members of the Regent University community may possess one authorized canister of pepper spray on campus for the sole purpose of self-defense. Authorized pepper spray canisters must be no larger than four ounces in size. Individuals who misuse or abuse pepper spray on campus will violate this policy and be subject to the student adjudication process or employee discipline as appropriate. "Misuse or abuse" includes intentional discharge that is not for reasonable self-defense and accidental discharge. For additional information regarding how to use pepper spray safely and effectively for self-defense, please visit the Regent University Police Department's website: <https://www.regent.edu/about-regent/regent-university-police-department/#resources/crime-prevention-and-safety>.

Missing Student Notification

Regent students who reside in student housing will be asked to provide the university with the name and contact information of another person Regent can contact if the student is identified as a missing person. This information will be kept confidential and accessible only to authorized campus officials. Contact information shall only be shared with law enforcement in the furtherance of a missing person investigation. Reports of missing students shall be immediately forwarded to RUPD.

Subsection (j) 485 of the HEA requires that an eligible Title IV institution that provides on-campus housing establish a missing student notification policy for students who reside in on-campus housing that:

- Informs each student that they have the option to identify an individual that the institution can contact no later than 24 hours after the time the student is determined missing according to the institution's official notification procedures described in missing student notification procedures.
- Provides each student a way to register confidential contact information in the event the student is determined to be missing for more than 24 hours. (Students living in campus housing are required to complete an online form through Genisys, which provides the university with emergency contact information and missing person contact information.)
- Advises each student under 18 years of age (who is not emancipated) that the institution must notify a custodial parent or guardian no later than 24 hours after the time the student is determined to be missing according to the institution's official notification procedures.
- Requires, if campus security or law enforcement personnel has been notified and makes a determination that a student who is the subject of a missing person report has been missing for more than 24 hours and has not returned to campus, the institution is to initiate the emergency contact procedures that the student designates.

The following offices may be contacted to inform the administration that a student has been missing for 24 hours:

- **Executive Vice President for Student Life** 757.352.4404
- **Dean of Student Services** 757.352.4894
- **Director of Residence Life** 757.352.4661
- **Regent University Police** 757.226.2075

Regent University's Missing Student Notification Procedure:

- Upon being notified that a student residing in student housing has been missing for more than 24 hours, the Dean of Student Services or her/his designee will file an official missing person report relating to a such student with Regent University's Police Department. Under some circumstances, RUPD will be notified as soon as possible should a missing person be considered special needs or knowingly vulnerable.

- In instances where, upon an investigation of the official report, RUPD and Student Services determines that the missing student has been missing for more than 24 hours and has not returned to campus, Student Services will contact the individual identified by the student as their emergency contact.
- If the missing student is under 18 years of age and not emancipated, Student Services will immediately (within 24 hours) contact the student's custodial parent or legal guardian.

In cases where the preceding scenarios do not apply to a student determined to be a missing person, the institution will inform the appropriate law enforcement agency that the student is missing.

Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence & Stalking

The Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 (VAWA) amended the Clery Act and now requires institutions to compile statistics for sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking incidents in their annual security report. Regent University prohibits the crimes of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

Crimes listed in the Code of Virginia relevant to Sexual Assault as of October 1, 2018.

Rape

Code of Virginia § 18.2-61

If any person has sexual intercourse with a complaining witness, whether or not his or her spouse, or causes a complaining witness, whether or not his or her spouse, to engage in sexual intercourse with any other person and such act is accomplished (i) against the complaining witness's will, by force, threat or intimidation of or against the complaining witness or another person; or (ii) through the use of the complaining witness's mental incapacity or physical helplessness; or (iii) with a child under age 13 as the victim, he or she shall be guilty of rape.

Forcible sodomy

Code of Virginia § 18.2-67.1

An accused shall be guilty of forcible sodomy if he or she engages in cunnilingus, fellatio, anilingus, or anal intercourse with a complaining witness whether or not his or her spouse, or causes a complaining witness, whether or not his or her spouse, to engage in such acts with any other person, and

1. The complaining witness is less than 13 years of age; or
2. The act is accomplished against the will of the complaining witness, by force, threat or intimidation of or against the complaining witness or another person, or through the use of the complaining witness' mental incapacity or physical helplessness.

Object Sexual Penetration

Code of Virginia § 18.2-67.2

An accused shall be guilty of inanimate or animate object sexual penetration if he or she penetrates the labia majora or anus of a complaining witness, whether or not his or her spouse, other than for a bona fide medical purpose, or causes such complaining witness to so penetrate his or her own body with an object or causes a complaining witness, whether or not his or her spouse, to engage in such acts with any other person or to penetrate, or to be penetrated by, an animal, and

1. The complaining witness is less than 13 years of age; or
2. The act is accomplished against the will of the complaining witness, by force, threat or intimidation of or against the complaining witness or another person, or through the use of the complaining witness mental incapacity or physical helplessness.



Aggravated Sexual Battery

Code of Virginia § 18.2-67.3

An accused shall be guilty of aggravated sexual battery if he or she sexually abuses the complaining witness, and

1. The complaining witness is less than 13 years of age; or
2. The act is accomplished through the use of the complaining witness’s mental incapacity or physical helplessness; or
3. The offense is committed by a parent, stepparent, grandparent, or step-grandparent and the complaining witness is at least 13 but less than 18 years of age; or
4. The act is accomplished against the will of the complaining witness by force, threat or intimidation, and
 - a. The complaining witness is at least 13 but less than 15 years of age; or
 - b. The accused causes serious bodily or mental injury to the complaining witness; or
 - c. The accused uses or threatens to use a dangerous weapon.

Sexual Battery

Code of Virginia § 18.2-67.4

An accused is guilty of sexual battery if he sexually abuses, as defined in § 18.2-67.10, (i) the complaining witness against the will of the complaining witness, by force, threat, intimidation, or ruse, (ii) within a two-year period, more than one complaining witness or one complaining witness on more than one occasion intentionally and without the consent of the complaining witness.

Attempted rape, forcible sodomy, object sexual penetration, aggravated sexual battery, and sexual battery

Code of Virginia § 18.2-67.5

1. An attempt to commit rape, forcible sodomy, or inanimate or animate object sexual penetration shall be punishable as a Class 4 felony.
2. An attempt to commit aggravated sexual battery shall be a felony punishable as a Class 6 felony.
3. An attempt to commit sexual battery is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Crimes listed in the Code of Virginia relevant to Dating Violence and Domestic Violence.

Assault and battery against a family or household member

Code of Virginia § 18.2-57.2

Any person who commits an assault and battery against a family or household member is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

“Family or household member” means (i) the person’s spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the same home with the person, (ii) the person’s former spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the same home with the person, (iii) the person’s parents, stepparents, children, stepchildren, brothers, sisters, half-brothers, half-sisters, grandparents, and grandchildren, regardless of whether such persons reside in the same home with the person, (iv) the person’s mother-in-law, father-in-law, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, brothers-in-law, and sisters-in-law who reside in the same home with the person, (v) any individual who has a child in common with the person, whether or not the person and that individual have been married or have resided together at any time, or (vi) any individual who cohabits or who, within the previous 12 months, cohabited with the person, and any children of either of them then residing in the same home with the person.

Threats of death or bodily injury to a person or member of his family; threats to commit serious bodily harm to persons on school property

Code of Virginia § 18.2-60

Any person who knowingly communicates, in a writing, including an electronically transmitted communication producing a visual or electronic message, a threat to kill or do bodily injury to a person, regarding that person or any member of his family, and the threat places such person in reasonable apprehension of death or bodily injury to himself or his family member, is guilty of a Class 6 felony. However, any person who violates this subsection with the intent to commit an act of terrorism as defined in § 18.2-46.4 is guilty of a Class 5 felony.

Crimes Listed in the Code of Virginia Relevant to Stalking

Stalking

Code of Virginia § 18.2-60.3

1. Any person, except a law enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, and acting in the performance of his official duties, and a registered private investigator, as defined in § 9.1-138, who is regulated in accordance with § 9.1-139 and acting in the course of his legitimate business, who on more than one occasion engages in conduct directed at another person with the intent to place, or when he knows or reasonably should know that the conduct places that other person in reasonable fear of death, criminal sexual assault, or bodily injury to that other person or to that other person’s family or household member is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

2. Any person who is convicted of a second offense of subsection A occurring within five years of a prior conviction of such an offense under this section or for a substantially similar offense under the law of any other jurisdiction is guilty of a Class 6 felony.
3. A person may be convicted under this section irrespective of the jurisdiction or jurisdictions within the Commonwealth wherein the conduct described in subsection A occurred if the person engaged in that conduct on at least one occasion in the jurisdiction where the person is tried. Evidence of any such conduct that occurred outside the Commonwealth may be admissible, if relevant, in any prosecution under this section, provided that the prosecution is based upon conduct occurring within the Commonwealth

Consent

Consent is defined as words or actions that demonstrate a knowing or voluntary willingness to engage in mutually agreed-upon sexual activity. Consent cannot be gained by force, by ignoring objections, or by taking advantage of another's incapacitation. Consent may not be inferred from silence or any other lack of active resistance. It may not be implied by attire or inferred from an individual by spending money on that individual (e.g., buying a meal on a date). Prior consent does not imply consent to future sexual acts. In addition, consent to one type of sexual act does not automatically imply consent to another type of sexual act.

Once a person says "no," it does not matter if or what kind of sexual behavior has occurred at an earlier date in time. For example, if individuals have previously engaged in sexual behavior, and then during another interaction individual says "no," and the other forces a sexual act, it is sexual assault.

Consent may not be given by the following persons:

- Individuals who are mentally incapacitated at the time of the sexual contact in a manner that prevents him or her from understanding the nature or consequences of the sexual act involved;
- Individuals who are unconscious or otherwise physically helpless; and minors.

Incapacitation is defined as the physical and/or mental inability to make informed, rational judgments that void an individual's ability to give consent. Incapacitation may be caused by a permanent or temporary physical or mental impairment. Incapacitation may also result from the consumption of alcohol or the use of drugs.

The use of alcohol or drugs does not automatically affect a person's ability to consent to sexual contact. The consumption of alcohol or drugs may create a mental incapacity if the nature and degree of the intoxication go beyond the stage of merely reduced inhibition and reach a point in which the victim does not understand the nature and consequences of the sexual act. In such a case, the person cannot consent.

A person violates the sexual misconduct policy if he or she has sexual contact with someone he or she knows or should know is mentally incapacitated or has reached the degree of intoxication that results in incapacitation. The test of whether an individual should know about another's incapacitation is whether a reasonable, sober person would know about the incapacitation.

A person who is passed out or unconscious as a result of the consumption of alcohol or drugs is physically helpless and is not able to consent. Affirmative Consent cannot be gained by taking advantage of the incapacitation of another, where the person initiating sexual activity knew or reasonably should have known that the other was incapacitated. Incapacitation means that a person lacks the ability to make informed, rational judgments about whether or not to engage in sexual activity.

Affirmative Consent cannot be gained by taking advantage of the incapacitation of another, where the person initiating sexual activity knew or reasonably should have known that the other was incapacitated. Incapacitation means that a person lacks the ability to make informed, rational judgments about whether to engage in sexual activity.

Primary Prevention & Awareness Training

Through a joint effort between RUPD & the Title IX team, all incoming students and new employees are provided annual training on the awareness and avoidance of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. This training is delivered in person to incoming students during various events, such as Welcome Week and new student orientations.

Additionally, new employees receive training during orientation. We provide this training to encourage students and employees to be responsible for their own security and the security of others.

Ongoing Prevention & Awareness Campaigns

Regent University provides ongoing training to current students and employees through the Title IX Coordinator, Deputy Title IX Coordinator, and RUPD. The training is provided through multiple strategies and at varying times throughout the academic cycle to reach as many campus community members as possible.

The following is a list of ongoing prevention training offered by Regent University:

- **Fear 2 Freedom (F2F)** – A global nonprofit founded in 2011 by sexual assault survivor (and wife of Christopher Newport University President Paul Tribble), Rosemary Tribble. F2F's mission is twofold: to redeem and restore those wounded by sexual assault, bringing them hope and healing, and to change the cultural understanding surrounding this issue by empowering college students to "Be the Change" and "Restore the Joy." F2F accomplishes this mission through its Celebration Events, which partners universities with hospitals and community organizations to provide F2F Kits to victims of sexual assault. Fear 2 Freedom has provided over 13,000 F2F Kits to sexual assault survivors. With 18 university partnerships and 33 hospital and community partnerships, F2F is expanding rapidly to meet the needs of those wounded by sexual assault. During the month of October, an on-campus event is held on campus, during which students help F2F pack kits for sexual assault survivors who receive them through a designated hospital or organization. The online Title IX training for students also comes from Fear2Freedom. It is a 30-minute Emmy Award-winning educational film that identifies current statistics on university sexual assault, child abuse, and sexual violence and highlights testimonials of both men and women that survived assault during their childhood or college experience. It also includes university leadership and their commitment to bring honor and respect to the college campus and preserve the dignity of each student during his or her academic experience, a challenge to students to recognize the impact of sexual assault, and stories from courageous survivors sharing their journey of healing and their intent to make a difference in our culture. Education and training are also provided to students, faculty and staff within Title IX requirements used throughout the academic calendar year with various campus organizations, orientations, athletics, and staff instruction.
- **Campus SaVE Act training for employees** – Online training done through Vector Solutions is offered to all faculty and staff yearly. This training includes modules on sexual violence awareness, risk reduction, bystander intervention strategies; what to do when sexual violence has happened; and disciplinary proceedings, sanctions and victim protections.
- **Interactive scenario-based training seminars for student leaders and employees in dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking** – Presented through annual training by the Title IX Coordinator and Deputy Title IX Coordinator to RAs, Life Group Leaders, Orientation Leaders, and at all new student orientations to make all populations aware of the importance of Title IX and dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking.
- **Healthy Relationships** – Counseling Services provides several workshops each year that address topics related to healthy relationships. Every new student orientation includes a 50-minute "Healthy Relationships" session, which identifies the various types of relationships, how to recognize negative patterns of relating, and how to set realistic and positive goals for healthy relationships. Each semester we plan a large-scale event that addresses relationship-related topics. These have included the following: "Can't Touch This" – a one-night seminar for females to address specific ways to recognize unhealthy patterns in relationships and steps to take when they are identified; "Relax, Don't Do It" – a one-night event for males to identify positive and negative attitudes toward females and relationships that include specific skills training; "Jerk Radar" – a one-night event (offered three separate nights) for females, to teach ways to identify characteristics and patterns of "jerks" prior to entering into unhealthy relationships with them, as well as how to safely extricate from unhealthy or unsafe relationships if already in them; "RU Dating" – a one-night event (offered three separate nights) for all students that addressed attitudes, concepts, behaviors, and patterns of dating to improve students' relationship and dating skill sets.

Bystander Intervention & Risk Reduction

Regent University offers Bystander Intervention training through Vector Solutions that is given to each faculty, staff and student annually. The training includes information on how to intervene. We train faculty, staff and students to notice the incident, determine whether the incident is an emergency, assume responsibility for intervening and use bystander intervention skills. Additionally, when a situation threatens physical harm to someone, we train faculty, staff and students to immediately ask someone for help and to contact RUPD.

We train faculty, staff and students on the three D's of Bystander Intervention: Direct, Distract & Delegate:

- The direct strategy involves approaching one or both persons involved in a potentially risky situation and addressing concerns directly.
- The distract intervention strategy involves distracting either person in a risky situation.
- For circumstances in which one is unsure of what to do or unable to intervene by themselves, it is often helpful to recruit others and delegate tasks.

Reporting Cases of Sexual Violence

The following process outlines the steps in reporting cases of sexual violence:

Any student, employee, or member of the Regent University community who believes that s/he has experienced sexual harassment and/or assault as defined in this policy should file a report with the Title IX Coordinator, Amber Steele, in Student Services. The report may be filed in person, mailed, emailed, or via the Anonymous Reporting Form found at <http://www.regent.edu/admin/stusrv/harassment/contact.cfm>. The Title IX Coordinator can be reached at 757.352.4928 or via email at asteel@regent.edu, in SC 201.

If a report is made by a former member of the Regent University community and the alleged respondent is still a member of the Regent University community, the university may still elect to investigate whether the respondent is found to have violated university rules or the Code of Conduct.

If a student believes they are a victim of a crime, the student may also choose to file a report with Campus Police or the local police department where the crime allegedly occurred.

Upon receiving a report of sexual harassment, the Title IX Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures, consider the complainant's wishes concerning supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint, and explain the process for filing a formal complaint.

At the time of filing a formal complaint, a complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the education program, activity, or employment of the university.

Student Rights & Accommodations for Sexual Violence

The list below outlines the rights and accommodations of students who are victims of sexual violence. Regent's Title IX coordinator or Deputy Title IX coordinators meet with the victim and discusses the following:

- a. Provides an explanation of rights and responsibilities in the Title IX process.
- b. To ensure their protection and safety on campus, the university will make available the following options and assistance:
 - i. Issuance of a no-contact directive or restraining order;
 - ii. Police presence;
 - iii. Police escorts on campus;
 - iv. Change in living situation, when reasonably available;
 - v. Change in academic schedule, when reasonably available;
 - vi. Alternate times for offices to address needs;
 - vii. Individual counseling;
 - viii. Alternative working schedule, when feasible.
- c. Advised of all resources on and off campus (i.e., counseling services, Campus Ministries, Health Center).

- d. A forensic examination can be obtained at Chesapeake Forensic Specialists, 1101 Madison Plaza, Suite 103, Chesapeake, VA 23320; Phone: 757.398.5108. A forensic examination does not require filing a police report. However, having the report will help preserve evidence in case the victim would like to file a report later.
- e. The victim is advised of informal versus formal grievance procedures.
- f. The victim is informed of the university's reporting obligations to collect campus crime statistics under federal law (see the Jeanne Clery Act for more information).
- g. Victim will decide whether to file a formal or informal complaint.

Protecting Confidentiality

In accordance with FERPA and VAWA, the university will respect the privacy of all parties involved throughout the reporting, hearing and sanction process. In some cases, when Regent believes it is necessary to provide an accommodation or protective measure, it will only disclose certain information to third parties. The Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Title IX Coordinator will be responsible for determining what information about a victim should be disclosed. The information may be disclosed to the appropriate Student Life staff member if the student lives on campus, law enforcement, and the corresponding school of enrollment. When reporting statistics, no personally identifiable information will be listed.

Protective Orders

If you have been hurt, abused, or feel threatened, you have legal options available to you. A protective order is a court order that tells the person who has hurt you or has threatened to hurt you to stop. It can also tell that person not to contact you and your family or household members. The order can also tell the abusive person not to go where you live or work.

A protective order is available under the following circumstances: you are the victim of any act involving violence, force or threat that results in bodily injury or places that person in fear of death, sexual assault or bodily injury. It is important to preserve any available evidence related to an alleged incident of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, as this may assist in proving that the alleged criminal offense occurred or that may be helpful in attaining a protective order.

In Virginia, there are three types of nonfamily abuse protective orders: emergency, preliminary and permanent. The law in Virginia was recently changed to provide broader coverage and more options to victims. The following protective orders are available to victims of a nonfamily member abuser.

Emergency Protective Order

Virginia Code § 19.2-152.8 permits a person to seek an emergency protective order from a circuit court, general district court, juvenile and domestic relations district court, or a magistrate. There is no cost.

A person seeking an emergency protective order must show he or she is being or has been subjected to an act of violence, force or threat; and one of the following:

- Probable danger of a further such act being committed by the alleged abuser against the alleged victim; or
- A petition or warrant for the arrest of the alleged abuser has been issued any criminal offense resulting from an act of violence, force or threat.

An emergency protective order lasts until 11:59 p.m. on the third day after the order is entered, unless the third day falls on a day when the court is not open. In that case, the protective order will continue until 11:59 p.m. the next day the court is open. If the person in need of protection is physically or mentally incapable of filing a petition for a preliminary protective order, a law enforcement officer can request an extension.

Any judge of a circuit court, general district court, juvenile, domestic relations district court, or magistrate may issue a written or oral ex parte emergency protective order to protect any person's health or safety. An emergency protective order may also be obtained by appearing in person at the local magistrate's office. In either case, the proceeding is ex parte. That means that the alleged abuser does not take part in the proceedings.

An emergency protective order imposes one or more of the following conditions on a respondent:

- Prohibit acts of violence, force, threat, or criminal offenses resulting in injury to a person or property.
- Prohibit contact by the alleged abuser with the victim or the victim's family or household members.
- Order other conditions necessary to prevent further acts of violence, force or threat.

Preliminary Protective Order

Virginia Code § 19.2-152.9 permits a person to seek a preliminary protective order from a circuit court, general district court, or juvenile and domestic relations district court. There is no cost.

A person seeking a preliminary protective order must show:

- He or she is, or has been within a reasonable time, subjected to an act of violence, force, or threat; or
- A warrant for the arrest of the alleged abuser has been issued for any criminal offense resulting from an act of violence, force or threat.

A preliminary protective order lasts 15 days. If the alleged abuser fails to appear because he or she was not served, the order may be extended for six months. A victim must file a petition with the court. The proceeding is ex parte. That means that the alleged abuser does not take part in the proceedings.

A preliminary protective order can:

- Prohibit acts of violence, force, threat, or criminal offenses that may result in injury to a person or property.
- Prohibit contact by the alleged abuser with the victim or the victim's family or household members.
- Order other conditions necessary to prevent further acts of violence, force or threat.

Permanent Protective Order

When a victim obtains a preliminary protective order, the court automatically schedules a hearing 15 days later to determine whether a permanent protective order should be issued. At the hearing, the court will use the criteria set out in Virginia Code § 10.2-152.10. There is no cost. A person seeking a permanent protective order must show:

- He or she has been subjected to an act of violence, force, or threat within a reasonable time; or
- A warrant for the arrest of the alleged abuser has been issued for any criminal offense resulting from an act of violence, force or threat.

A permanent protective order can last up to two years. At the end of the initial term, the victim can request a renewal.

A permanent protective order can:

- Prohibit acts of violence, force, threat, or criminal offenses that may result in injury to a person or property.
- Prohibit contact by the alleged abuser with the victim or the victim's family or household members.
- Order any other relief necessary to prevent further acts of violence, force or threat.
- Order costs and attorney's fees.

How to Request a Protective Order

The type of relationship you have (or had) with the person who is harming or threatening you determines where you can request a protective order.



If that person is a family or household member, you can request a family abuse protective order through your local intake office for the Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court.

Phone

757.385.4391

Address

2425 Nimmo Parkway, Building 10
Judicial Complex 10A, Municipal Center
Virginia Beach, VA 23456

Clerk's Office Hours

8 a.m. – 4 p.m.

All other requests for protective orders that do not meet the definition of family or a household member are made through the General District Court.

Phone

757.385.8531

Court Information: 757.385.8531

Clerk: 757.385.8531

Judicial Assistant: 757.385.8783

Address

2425 Nimmo Parkway
Virginia Beach, VA 23456-9057

Clerk's Office Hours

8 a.m. – 4 p.m.

The Virginia Beach Magistrate Office may also issue emergency protective orders.

Phone

757.385.4724

Address

2501 James Madison Blvd.
Virginia Beach, VA 23456

The Virginia Beach Magistrate Office is open twenty-four hours a day, 365 days a year at the Virginia Beach Correctional Center, Building 7C. The street address is 2501 James Madison Blvd., but that is for the opposite side of the building. The Magistrate Office is off Nimmo Parkway across from the Harris-Teeter Shopping Center. A second office is located at the Second Police Precinct, 820 Virginia Beach Boulevard, but that office is not always open. Please call for information on when the 2nd Precinct Office is open. No appointment is necessary at either office. Office hours vary. Call ahead for service: 757.385.2700.

Assistance with Protective Orders

RUPD and university officials are available to aid with information regarding protective orders. Virginia also has an online form completion system that helps with the required forms needed to obtain a protective order. The system is called I-CAN, and it can be accessed here: <http://www.courts.state.va.us/courtadmin/aoc/judpln/programs/afapo/home.html>

University Responsibility

Regent University complies with Virginia law in recognizing and enforcing orders of protection. Any person who obtains a protective order from Virginia or any other state should provide a copy to the Regent University Police Department and the Office of the Title IX Coordinator. A complainant may then meet with RUPD personnel to develop a safety action plan, which is a plan for public safety personnel and the victim to reduce the risk of harm while on campus or while coming and going from campus. This plan may include, but is not limited to: escorts, special parking arrangements, changing classroom location or allowing a student to complete assignments from home, etc.

Victim Responsibility

There are certain steps a victim must take in order to enforce a protective order. The steps include but are not limited to:

- Remember that a protection order is a piece of paper that must be respected by the stalker/abuser to be effective. It is only enforceable after a sheriff's deputy or police officer has served it on the stalker/abuser. After it has been served, if you feel you are in danger, or if the stalker/abuser does not comply with it, call the police immediately (911). If they arrive in time to witness the abuser's violation of the order, they can make an immediate arrest. If not, you may need to get a criminal warrant from the magistrate.
- When you get your copy of the order, make sure it exactly says what you want. If there are errors, it is unclear, it has not been signed, or boxes don't appear to be checked, ask the bailiff or your advocate for help.
- Always keep a copy with you. This is important if the abuser/stalker violates the order, and you must call the police or seek help from other authorities.
- Give a copy to the Title IX Coordinator (if you are a student or employee), your Residence Life staff (if you live in a university residence hall), and your supervisor at work if you are employed.
- If children are included, make sure anyone responsible for them has a copy.
- If you are planning to or are considering leaving the state, make sure you get a certified copy of your order from the clerk's office. Federal law requires recognition of one state's protection order by others.

University No-Contact Orders

Regent University does not issue protection orders. However, the university may issue an institutional no-contact order if deemed appropriate or at the victim's request. Upon the victim's request and to the extent of the victim's cooperation and consent, university officials will work cooperatively to assist the victim with their health, physical safety, work, and academic status, pending the outcome of a formal university investigation of the complaint. For example, if reasonably available, a victim may be offered changes to academic, living, working, or transportation situations regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to law enforcement. Examples of options for a potential change to the academic situation may be to transfer to a different class section, complete a medical withdrawal, or make special arrangements for completing coursework in a nontraditional manner. Potential changes to living situations may include moving to a different room or residence hall. Possible changes to work situations may include changing working hours. Possible changes in transportation may include having the student park in a different location, assisting the student with a safety escort, etc. To the extent possible, Regent University will also aid with and/or information about obtaining resources and services such as counseling, health services, visa, and immigration assistance and assistance in notifying appropriate law enforcement.

Investigation Process

Investigation

Regent University must investigate all allegations made in any formal complaint. Upon receipt of a formal complaint, written notice of the allegations will be sent to both parties (complainants and respondents).

During the investigation, the respondent will be given an opportunity to respond, orally or in writing, to the complaint. Both parties will have an opportunity to produce relevant witnesses or evidence to support their statement of the facts of the claim(s). Parties may choose an advisor of their choice, and if a party does not have an advisor for the hearing, the university will provide an advisor to that party.

At the conclusion of the investigation, both parties and their advisors will receive copies of the evidence and investigative report either in electronic format or hard copy; and will be provided 10 days to respond.

In matters where a student, employee, or member of the Regent University community requests confidentiality, the Title IX Coordinator will evaluate that request in the context of the university's responsibility to provide a safe and nondiscriminatory environment for all students. This means that the university may not be able to promise confidentiality in all cases.

A typical investigation may take approximately 60 calendar days from the receipt of the complaint, but more or less time may be necessary, depending on the nature of the allegations. If needed, at any point in the investigation, the Title IX Coordinator may take appropriate action to assist or protect the students in the educational setting. Actions could include but are not limited to a no-contact directive, a change in housing assignment or class schedule, individual counseling, or police escorts on campus.

In some cases, the alleged conduct may constitute both sexual harassment under Title IX and criminal activity. The Title IX Coordinator will inform the complainant of his/her right to file a criminal complaint. Still, the Title IX Coordinator is not a lawyer and will not provide legal advice. The provision of such information does not indicate the Title IX Coordinator's determination of the claim's merits. The standards for criminal investigations are different; therefore, police investigations or reports are not determinative of whether sexual harassment or violence violates Title IX. Depending on the context, a violation of the Sexual Harassment and Assault policy can also be a violation of the Hazing policy.

The university must dismiss allegations of conduct that do not meet the definition of sexual harassment or did not occur in the university's educational programs, activity, or employment. However, dismissing a Title IX complaint does not exonerate a respondent from violations of other university policies or criminal conduct. The university has discretion to dismiss a formal complaint or allegation if the complainant informs the Title IX Coordinator in writing the desire to withdraw the complaint, if the respondent or complainant is no longer enrolled or employed by the university, or if specific circumstances prevent the school from gathering sufficient evidence to reach a determination. Notice of dismissal will be provided to both parties in writing.

If the Title IX Investigators find, based on probable cause, that there is good cause to proceed with a hearing, the Title IX Investigators will refer the results of the investigation to the Title IX Coordinator. The complainant and the respondent will have similar and timely access to any information that will be used at the hearing as well as an equal opportunity to present relevant witnesses and other evidence. Mediation is not an acceptable alternative to a hearing, and the complainant and the respondent will not be permitted to directly question one another at the hearing.

Hearing

Live hearings with cross-examination will be provided for all formal complaints that are investigated and not dismissed by the university. The standard of evidence used for live hearings is Preponderance of the Evidence (more likely than not). Hearings for student matters will be led by the Title IX Coordinator. Hearings for employee matters will be led by the Director of Human Resources.

The hearing panel for student complaints consists of three faculty/staff members trained in the Title IX process. For complaints involving faculty/staff, the hearing panel consists of two Deans and one executive team member trained in the Title IX process.

Cross-examination is allowed by each party's advisor and must be conducted directly, orally, and in real-time. If a party does not have an advisor at the live hearing, one will be provided by the university. Either party can request that the live hearing be conducted virtually, with the parties located in separate rooms with technology that enables the parties to see and hear each other. Neither the complainant nor the respondent will be permitted to cross-examine the other party personally. If a party decides to proceed without an advisor, questions for cross-examination shall be presented by the parties in writing and read by

the Title IX Coordinator or designee.

If a party or witness does not submit to cross-examination at the live hearing, the hearing panel must not rely on any statement of that party or witness in reaching a determination regarding responsibility. Questions and evidence about the complainant's prior sexual behavior are inadmissible unless offered to prove that someone other than the respondent committed the alleged misconduct or offered to prove consent. The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility is a preponderance of the evidence, meaning a determination of whether it is more likely than not that a violation of Title IX occurred.

Within approximately one week of the hearing, both the complainant and the accused will be notified simultaneously in writing of the outcome of the adjudication hearing, and both will have the right to appeal.

Sanctions

Students involved in Title IX cases with the university can be issued the following sanctions during the investigative process:

- No-contact directive between the accused and accuser
- Required counseling
- Interim suspension of housing privileges
- Limitation of other university privileges
- Change in housing assignment (relocation)
- Interim suspension from the university

Students involved in Title IX cases with the university can be issued the following sanctions as a result of the student adjudication process (i.e., conduct hearing):

- No-contact directive between the accused and the accuser
- University and/or Residence Life probation
- Required counseling
- Loss of housing privileges
- Limitation of other university privileges
- Change in housing assignment (relocation)
- Change in class schedule
- Suspension from the university
- Dismissal from the university

The foregoing sanctions are in addition to and not in lieu of criminal or civil sanctions. The student adjudication process is based upon a preponderance of the evidence, which means it is to be determined if it is more likely than not that a violation occurred.

Employee Disciplinary Process

While employees at Regent University are employed on an at-will basis (meaning employment may be terminated at any time with or without cause), gross misconduct is employee behavior that warrants immediate termination or another discipline without following progressive discipline steps. Examples of gross misconduct include, but are not limited to:

- Violent behavior
- Sexual harassment
- Violation of Regent's Standard of Personal Conduct or Christian Community and Mission policy

The supervisor shall consult the Vice President for Human Resources and Administration to determine if gross misconduct can be substantiated and the steps of progressive discipline waived.

Reporting to Police

Per federal regulations, any victim has the right to notify and file charges with local authorities about any sexual assault offense incident at any time, whether or not the individual has notified the university. The victim can be assisted by campus personnel (Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Title IX Coordinator) or can decline to notify the local law enforcement authorities. If the victim chooses to file a police report, the following options are available:

1. An anonymous report can be submitted through the RUPD website: <https://www.regent.edu/about-regent/regent-university-police-department/#tab-reporting-accordion-0-collapse-1>; or
2. RUPD or local law enforcement may be contacted:

Regent University Police Department

757.226.2911 (emergency)

757.226.2075 (nonemergency)

www.regent.edu/police

Virginia Beach Police Department

911 (emergency)

757.385.5000

www.vbgov.com/police

When a report is filed, you may be asked for your contact information, although you do have the option to remain anonymous. A summary of the crime will be needed, including the date, time and location. Additionally, providing a suspect description is beneficial when filing a report.

Regent University coordinates and fully cooperates with campus and local law enforcement agencies. Per regulations, a local law enforcement agency's criminal investigation cannot and does not derail the university's obligation to investigate a complaint promptly and thoroughly. These types of investigations are often conducted simultaneously, as each party deems appropriate.

Victim & Support Services

The following resources are available to students and employees:

Response Sexual Assault Support Services of the YMCA (Norfolk, VA): <https://www.ywca-shr.org/what-we-do/counseling-services/counseling-services/>

Find a Local Crisis Center: <https://centers.rainn.org>

National Sexual Assault Hotline: 800.656.HOPE (4673)

National Center for Victims of Crime Victim Service Helpline: 800.FYI.CALL (394.2255)

National Center for Victims of Crimes: www.victimsofcrime.org

Get Help Bulletin for Crime Victims: <https://victimsofcrime.org/getting-help/>

How Crime Victims React to Trauma: <https://victimsofcrime.org/document/the-impact-of-crime-on-victims/>

Visa/Immigration Related-Assistance: <https://www.uscis.gov/humanitarian/victims-of-human-trafficking-and-other-crimes/victims-of-criminal-activity-u-nonimmigrant-status>

Victim Information and Notification Everyday (VINE): This automated service allows you to track an offender's custody status over the phone or the internet. You can register to be notified by phone, text, and/or email if an offender is released, transferred, or escapes. Call 800.467.4943 or visit www.vinelink.com to register.

While the university does not offer legal advice or assistance, campus police will escort a victim to the local magistrate's office to take out a protective order and be provided with additional support/resources offered through the local magistrate's office

and local law enforcement.

Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network Sexual (RAINN)

<https://www.rainn.org/>

RAINN is the nation’s largest anti-sexual violence organization and offers advice on how to support a loved one. Some of the many ways family and friends can assist a victim of a sexual offense are to listen and not be judgmental, encourage the victim to report the crime, be patient, create a safe place, and possibly encourage the individual to seek professional help. Learn more about these and additional ways to help here:

Self-Care for Survivors: The healing process for a survivor of a sexual offense can look different for each individual, with special care and concern for the following areas: food, exercise, sleep, medical care, counseling, journaling, and relaxation exercises.

Self-Care for Family & Friends: These individuals may feel a wide range of emotions when a loved one experiences a sexual offense; among them are shock, anger, sadness, anxiety, and fear. It’s incredibly important that the family and friends of survivors take healthy care of themselves as well.

Federal Student Aid Information: <http://www.regent.edu/finaid>



Violence Against Women Act Statistics

Reported from January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2021

Incident Location (On Campus)	2019	2020	2021
Domestic Violence	0	0	1
Dating Violence	1	0	0
Stalking	2	2	0

Incident Location (On-Campus Residence Halls/ Subset of On Campus)	2019	2020	2021
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	1	0	0
Stalking	1	1	0

Incident Location (Public Property)	2019	2020	2021
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Annual Crime Statistics

This report is prepared in accordance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act. The statistics are posted on the Regent University Police Department website and can be accessed at <https://www.regent.edu/about-regent/regent-university-police-department/#tab-reporting>.

The following crime and referral statistics are compiled from police reports generated by the RUPD, student conduct records maintained by Student Life and Title IX/VAWA-related reports maintained by the Title IX Office. Crimes reported to RUPD, Student Life and Title IX that fall within the university’s reportable geography are included in this report, regardless of whether an individual is found responsible or not responsible for violating a policy or law. The only exception is those crimes deemed unfounded, which are described in the next section. RUPD checks the crime statistics from the Virginia Beach Police Department and Virginia State Police to determine if any crimes have been reported in or around the main campus of Regent University. Annual notification of these statistics is sent to all faculty, staff and students of Regent University. Additionally, RUPD requests crime statistics from local law enforcement officials responsible for the geographic locations, specifically those spaces regularly used or that have existing use agreements, of university-sponsored study abroad programs and athletic facilities and complexes utilized by the university athletics.

Unfounded Crimes

A school may withhold, or subsequently remove, a reported crime from its crime statistics in the rare situation where sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel have fully investigated the reported crime and, based on the results of this full investigation and evidence, have made a formal determination that the crime report is false or baseless and therefore “unfounded.” Only sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel may determine that a crime report is unfounded for purposes of reporting under this section. A crime report deemed unfounded by sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel will be categorized as unfounded in the Annual Crime Statistics section of this report. The recovery of stolen property, the low value of the stolen property, the refusal of the victim to cooperate with the prosecution, and the failure to make an arrest do not “unfound” a crime report.

Definitions of Crime Used for Reporting

The Clery Act defines the crimes listed in this report based on the Federal Bureau of Investigation’s Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook. The following definitions of crime are used to disclose and classify the crime statistics for Regent University.

Criminal Homicide – Murder & Nonnegligent Manslaughter

Willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another.

Criminal Homicide – Murder by Negligence

The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Forcible Sex Offense

Any sexual act directed against another person without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Rape Penetration

No matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

Fondling

The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Incest

Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape

Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Robbery

Taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, and control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault

Unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose in inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually involves a weapon or means likely to cause death or great bodily harm.

Burglary

Unlawful entry into a structure to commit a felony or theft and all attempts to commit the above-mentioned.

Arson

Maliciously burning or causing to be destroyed by burning any public or private property.

Motor Vehicle Theft

Theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Hate Crimes & Definitions

Crimes committed against a person that manifest evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the victim’s actual or perceived race, gender, religion, national origin, ethnicity, disability, gender identity, or sexual orientation. For this report, the hate crime must have been for one of the criminal offenses listed in the report, larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation, or destruction/damage/vandalism of property or any other Clery reportable crime where the victim was intentionally selected because one of the above-listed biases motivated the perpetrator.

In addition to reporting hate crimes involving the above-listed Clery reportable crimes, the following four specific crimes are also reportable only if they are hate crimes:

Larceny-Theft

Unlawful taking, carrying, leading or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.

Simple Assault

An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Intimidation

Unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property

Willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner.

The following categories of bias are reported in regard to hate crimes; definitions are provided for each bias:

Race

A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics (e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc.) genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind (e.g., Asians, blacks or African Americans, whites).

Religion

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being (e.g., Catholics, Jews, Protestants, atheists).

Sexual Orientation

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their actual or perceived sexual orientation.

Gender

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender (e.g., male or female).

Gender Identity

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity (e.g., bias against transgender or gender nonconforming individuals).

Ethnicity

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people whose members identify with each other through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language, common culture (often including a shared religion), and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry.

National Origin

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people based on their actual or perceived country of birth.

Disability

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age or illness.

VAWA Offenses

Domestic Violence

Violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the complainant, by a person with whom the complainant shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the complainant as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the complainant under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred, or by any other person against an adult or youth complainant who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Dating Violence

Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on: 1) The reporting party's statement and with, 2) Consideration of the length of the relationship, 3) Type of relationship, and 4) Frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For the purposes of this definition, dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.

Stalking

Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to: 1) Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others, or 2) Suffer substantial emotional distress. Examples of stalking behaviors include, but are not limited to, nonconsensual communication, including face-to-face contact, telephone calls, voice messages, email, texts, written letters; unwanted gifts; threatening or obscene gestures; pursuing or following; surveillance or other observation; trespassing; vandalism; and nonconsensual touching.

Other Violations & Offenses

Liquor Law Violations

Violations of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, possession, transporting, or furnishing of intoxicating liquors or alcoholic beverages and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Public drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included.)

Drug Abuse Violations

Violations of State and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing or manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs.

Weapons Possession Violations

Violations of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses as related to Virginia code 18.2-308, or other Virginia code as it relates to: manufacture, sale, or possession of firearms, carrying of firearms, concealed or openly, and/or furnishing firearms to minors, resident aliens possessing firearms and all attempts to commit any of the above.

Fire Safety Report & Policies

The following information is provided as part of an institutional effort to prevent fires and to be prepared to respond to any fire that might occur on campus or in student housing. Presently there are no plans for fire safety improvements. However, it is periodically reviewed to determine if future enhancements are needed.

Fire Log

A log of all fires occurring within the jurisdiction of the Regent University Police Department is maintained at RUPD headquarters. This log is available upon request for you to view during normal business hours.

Fire Drills

Fire drills are scheduled twice a year, once in the fall and spring semesters. When fire alarms sound, leave the building immediately. Regent University considers this a very serious matter; students not fully cooperative with quick evacuation procedures will be reported, and appropriate action will be taken. Floor plans and exit routes are displayed in office areas and classrooms. Students are responsible for familiarizing themselves with appropriate emergency exits.

Emergency Evacuations

Residents are instructed on how to identify the exit closest to their housing assignment and to use that exit as their evacuation route during fire drills and/or true fire alarms. Residents are also to determine other alternative evacuation routes in case the normal evacuation is obstructed during a fire. Elevators are not to be used during fire drills and fire alarms. All residents are expected to evacuate during planned drills and fire alarms. Failure to do so will result in significant judicial sanctions.

Students with special needs requiring assistance during an evacuation should go to the foyer area by the elevators on their floor. Student Housing staff or emergency response staff will check these areas for students requiring assistance.

Training Programs

Students and housing staff are provided fire safety training throughout the year. The training includes how to prevent accidental fires, what to do in the event of an emergency and how to contact the appropriate authorities.

Post-Fire Event Notification

In the case of a fire, the following individuals should be contacted after the fact (not in the event of an emergency):

- Director of Facilities Management
- Director of Facilities Management (CBN)
- Human Resources (Employee Related)
- Student Life (Student Related)
- Academic Affairs (Academic Related)

Electrical Appliances & Fire Hazards

Candles & Candle Warmers: All candles (wick or no wick) and candle warmers are prohibited in Regent Commons.

Extension Cords, Multi-Plug Adapters & Outlet Splitters: Only power strips with reset buttons are permitted in the residence halls.

Fireworks: Fireworks, including sparklers and explosives of any kind, is prohibited in the residence halls and everywhere else on campus.

Fog/Smoke Machines: Fog and smoke machines are prohibited in the residence halls and other campus buildings due to the risk of setting off building-wide fire alarms. The only exception may be in the context of a play or musical in the theatre.

Fuels: Flammable and potentially dangerous fuels, including gasoline, kerosene, and propane, are prohibited in the residence halls.

Incense: Incense is not permitted in Regent Commons or Regent Village due to fire safety concerns.

Plug-In Air Fresheners: Air fresheners that include a pass-through plug/additional outlet are prohibited.

Portable Electrical Appliances: Students are not permitted to bring additional appliances into their housing assignments (other than washers/dryers in Village phase II apartments). Refrigerators, ovens and stoves are provided by Student Housing. Additionally, micro-fridges must be approved by and registered with the student housing professional staff. Microwaves are provided in Regent Commons. Residents of Regent Village must provide their own microwave.

Space Heaters: Space heaters are prohibited in the residence halls due to fire safety concerns.

Smoking: Campus housing at Regent University is a smoke-free and tobacco-free community. All tobacco products and all nontobacco smoking products (i.e., electronic & herbal cigarettes, vaporizers, etc.) are prohibited in the residence halls. Hookahs and shisha pipes are also prohibited in the residence halls. Smoking is not permitted on campus. Residents in violation of the tobacco and smoking policy will be assessed a \$75 fine. A student repetitively violating this policy will be sanctioned with escalating fines and/or the loss of campus housing privileges.

Fire Safety Information

- In the event of a fire, calmly but quickly evacuate the building. Do not use elevators.
- Call 911.
- As you evacuate, alert others of the fire and the need to evacuate by knocking on housing assignment doors as you pass by them.
- Feel doors before opening them to ensure they are not hot. Close all doors when exiting. Go to the nearest stairway. Do not use an elevator. If one exit is blocked by fire, heat or smoke, go to another exit. If all stairways are blocked, go to the nearest window and signal for help.
- Close doors and windows in the vicinity of the fire to hinder the spread of smoke and fire.
- If you cannot exit a room, seal the cracks around the door using sheets, pieces of clothing, or whatever is available. To let smoke out and bring fresh air in, open windows a few inches. Hang an object out the window to alert the Fire Department of your location. Stay low to the floor and breathe through a damp cloth or towel. If possible, call 911 and RUPD at 757.226.2075 to report being trapped.

Fire Reporting Definitions

Fire: Any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.

Unintentional Fire: A fire that does not involve an intentional human act to ignite or spread fire into an area where the fire should not be.

Intentional Fire: A fire that is ignited or results from a deliberate action in circumstances where the person knows there should not be a fire.

Undetermined Fire: A fire in which the cause cannot be determined.

Fire-Related Injury: Any instance in which a person is injured as a result of a fire, including an injury sustained from a natural or accidental cause, while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from the dangers of the fire.



Fire-Related Death: Any instance in which a person (i) is killed as a result of a fire, including death resulting from a natural or accidental cause while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from the dangers of a fire or (ii) dies within one year of injuries sustained as a result of the fire.

Value of Property Damage: The estimated value of the loss of the structure and contents, in terms of dollar amount cost of replacement in like kind and quantity.

Fire Drill: A supervised practice of a mandatory evacuation of a building for a fire.

Fire Safety System: Any mechanism or system related to the detection of a fire, the warning resulting from a fire, or the control of a fire. This may include sprinkler systems or other fire extinguishing systems, fire detection devices, stand-alone smoke alarms, devices that alert one to the presence of a fire, such as horns, bells, or strobe lights; smoke-control and reduction mechanisms; and fire doors and walls that reduce the spread of a fire.

General Safety Information

- Enter the RUPD phone number into your cell phone: 757.226.2075.
- Students should avoid walking alone at night if at all possible. You can request a police escort by contacting RUPD at 757.226.2075.
- Call boxes are available throughout campus if you need immediate contact with RUPD.
- Never lend your housing assignment keys to anyone.
- Always lock your housing assignment door before heading to class, chapel, or off campus.
- For your safety and that of your neighbors, do not prop open entrance doors.
- Lock your vehicle, and do not keep valuables in your car.
- Secure your bike to the provided bike racks.
- Create a fire evacuation route and a severe weather plan, and consider purchasing a fire extinguisher.
- Know your neighbors, watch out for one another, and notify RUPD immediately of any individual or situation that seems suspicious. (RUPD will investigate to ensure that the person or activity is legitimate.)
- When offered, the university may host active shooter self-defense and general self-defense trainings.
- CPR training may be offered quarterly to faculty, staff and students. This training is facilitated by RUPD staff. Training can be scheduled using the following form: <https://www.regent.edu/about-regent/regent-university-police-department/#tab-training>.
- Training on the automatic external defibrillators (AEDs) found throughout campus can be found here: <https://www.regent.edu/about-regent/regent-university-police-department/#tab-training>.

Annual Crime Statistics for Virginia Beach Campus

Reported from January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2021

Crimes Reported	Year	On Campus	Non Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities ¹	Unfounded
Murder/Nonnegligent Manslaughter	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	2021	3	0	0	3	2	0
	2020	1	0	0	1	1	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	2021	1	0	0	1	1	0
	2020	3	0	0	3	3	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	1	0	0	1	1	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	1	0	0	1	0	0
	2019	2	0	0	2	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2021	2	0	0	2	0	0
	2020	1	0	0	1	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	2021	1	0	0	1	1	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0

¹Residential facilities are a subset of on-campus property.

Arrests & Disciplinary Referrals for Illegal Weapons Possession, Drug & Liquor Law Violations

Reported from January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2021

Crimes Reported	Year	On Campus	Non Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities ¹
Arrests						
Liquor Law Violations	2021	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	1	1	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations	2021	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	1	0	1	2	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons (carrying, possessing, etc.)	2021	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals						
Liquor Law Violations	2021	2	0	0	2	2
	2020	3	0	0	3	2
	2019	6	0	0	6	6
Drug Abuse Violations	2021	1	0	0	1	1
	2020	1	0	0	1	1
	2019	4	0	0	4	4
Weapons (carrying, possessing, etc.)	2021	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0

¹Residential facilities are a subset of on-campus property.



Additional Hate Crimes for Virginia Beach Campus

Crimes Reported	Year	Race	Gender	Gender Identity	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Ethnicity	Disability	National Origin	Unfounded
Larceny - Theft	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism, Property Crime, etc.	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

2021 On-Campus Student Housing Fire Statistics

Residential Facility	Street Address	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire Number	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Constitution Hall	1117 Centerville Turnpike	3	3	2- Unintentional (Cooking) 1- Candle Accident	0	0	0.00
Foundation Hall	1133 Centerville Turnpike	1	1	Unintentional (Cooking)	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5900 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5904 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5908 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5912 Jake Sears Circle	1	1	unknown	0	0	\$150.00
Regent Village	5916 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5920 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5924 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5928 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5932 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5936 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5940 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5944 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5948 Jake Sears Circle	1	1	Unintentional (Cooking)	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5952 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5960 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5964 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5968 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5972 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5976 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5980 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5984 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5988 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5992 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5996 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	6000 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	6004 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	6008 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	6012 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00

2020 On-Campus Student Housing Fire Statistics

Residential Facility	Street Address	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire Number	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Constitution Hall	1117 Centerville Turnpike	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Foundation Hall	1133 Centerville Turnpike	1	1	Unintentional (Cooking)	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5900 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5904 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5908 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5912 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5916 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5920 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5924 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5928 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5932 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5936 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5940 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5944 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5948 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5952 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5960 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5964 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5968 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5972 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5976 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5980 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5984 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5988 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5992 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5996 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	6000 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	6004 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	6008 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	6012 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00

2019 On-Campus Student Housing Fire Statistics

Residential Facility	Street Address	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire Number	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Constitution Hall	1117 Centerville Turnpike	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Foundation Hall	1133 Centerville Turnpike	2	2	0	2-Unintentional (Cooking)	0	0.00
Regent Village	5900 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5904 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5908 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5912 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5916 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5920 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5924 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5928 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5932 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5936 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5940 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5944 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5948 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5952 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5960 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5964 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5968 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5972 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5976 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5980 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5984 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5988 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5992 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	5996 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	6000 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	6004 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	6008 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Regent Village	6012 Jake Sears Circle	0	0	0	0	0	0.00

On-Campus Student Housing Fire Safety Systems

Residential Facility	Street Address	Fire Alarm Monitoring	Full Sprinkler System	Smoke Detection	Fire Extinguisher Devices	Manual Pull Stations	Number of Fire Drills Each Calendar Year
Constitution Hall	1117 Centerville Turnpike	X	X	X	X	X	2
Foundations Hall	1133 Centerville Turnpike	X	X	X	X	X	2
Regent Village	5900 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5904 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5908 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5912 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5916 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5920 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5924 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5928 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5932 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5936 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5940 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5944 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5948 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5952 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5960 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5964 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5968 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5972 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5976 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5980 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5984 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5988 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5992 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	5996 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	6000 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	6004 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	6008 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		
Regent Village	6012 Jake Sears Circle			X	X		



1000 Regent University Drive, Virginia Beach, VA 23464