

# Regent University

Benchmark Comparisons August 2010

Effect Sizea

Effect size indicates the

mean difference. It is

practical significance of the

practice, an effect size of .2 is

calculated by dividing the

often considered small, .5

moderate, and .8 large. A positive sign indicates that

affirmative result for the institution. A negative sign

your institution's mean was greater, thus showing an

indicates the institution lags

suggesting that the student behavior or institutional

practice represented by the

item may warrant attention.

behind the comparison group,

mean difference by the pooled standard deviation. In



#### **Interpreting the Benchmark Comparisons Report**

To focus discussions about the importance of student engagement and to guide institutional improvement efforts, NSSE created five Benchmarks of Effective Educational Practice: Level of Academic Challenge, Active and Collaborative Learning, Student-Faculty Interaction, Enriching Educational Experiences, and Supportive Campus Environment. This Benchmark Comparisons Report compares the performance of your institution with your selected peers or consortium. In addition, page 9 provides two other comparisons between your school and (a) above-average institutions with benchmarks in the top 50% of all NSSE institutions and (b) high-performing institutions with benchmarks in the top 10% of all NSSE institutions. These displays allow you to determine if the engagement of your typical student differs in a statistically significant, meaningful way from the average student in these comparison groups. They also provide more insight into how the student experience varies on your campus and in comparison groups. Additional details regarding how benchmarks are created can be found on the NSSE Web site.

nsse.iub.edu/links/institutional\_reporting

#### **Class and Sample**

Means are reported for first-year students and seniors. Institution-reported class levels are used. All randomly selected students are included in these analyses. Students in targeted or locally administered oversamples are not included.

Mean

scores.

#### Statistical Significance

Benchmarks with mean differences that are larger than would be expected by chance alone are noted with one, two, or three asterisks, denoting one of three significance levels (p<.05, p<.01, and p<.001). The smaller the significance level, the smaller the likelihood that the difference is due to chance. Please note that statistical significance does not guarantee that the result is substantive or important. Large sample sizes (as with the NSSE project) tend to produce more statistically significant results even though the magnitude of mean differences may be inconsequential. Consult effect sizes to judge the practical meaning of the results

#### 

## Benchmark Description & Survey Items

The mean is the weighted

arithmetic average of the student level benchmark

A description of the benchmark and the individual items used in its creation is provided.

## Box and Whiskers Charts

A visual display of first-year and senior benchmark score dispersion for your institution and your selected comparison or consortium groups.

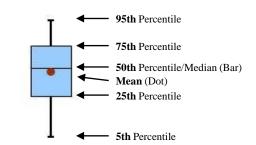
## Level of Academic Challenge (LAC) Items Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote high lev

- Preparing for class (studying, reading, writing, doing homework or lab work, etc. relat
- Number of written papers or reports of 20 pages or more; number of written papers or reports of between 5 and 19 pages; as number of written papers or reports of fewer than 5 pages
- and relationships

  Coursework emphasizes: Making of judgments about the value of information, arguments, or methods
- Coursework emphasizes: Making of judgments about the value of information, arguments, or method
   Coursework emphasizes: Applying theories or concepts to practical problems or in new situations
- Working harder than you thought you could to meet an instructor's standards or expectations
   Campus environment emphasizes: Spending significant amount of time studying and on academic wo

#### **Box and Whiskers Key**

A box and whiskers chart is a concise way to summarize the variation of student benchmark scores. This display compares the distribution of scores at your institution, in percentile terms, with that of your comparison groups. The ends of the whiskers show the 5th and 95th percentile scores, while the box is bounded by the 25th and 75th percentiles. The bar inside the box indicates the median score, and the dot shows the mean score.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> See Contextualizing NSSE Effect Sizes at nsse.iub.edu/pdf/effect\_size\_guide.pdf for additional information.



## Level of Academic Challenge (LAC)

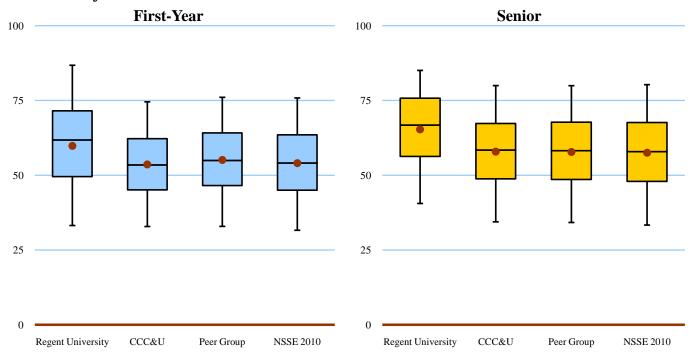
#### Mean Comparisons

Regent University compared with:

	Regent University	C	CCC&U			Group		NSSE 2010			
	•			Effect		•	Effect			Effect	
Class	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	
First-Year	59.8	53.6	***	.48	55.1	**	.36	54.1	***	.43	
Senior	65.3	57.9	***	.54	57.8	***	.54	57.5	***	.54	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Weighted by gender and enrollment status (and by institution size for comparison groups).

#### Distributions of Student Benchmark Scores



Note: Each box and whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot shows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values.

#### Level of Academic Challenge (LAC) Items

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote high levels of student achievement by emphasizing the importance of academic effort and setting high expectations for student performance.

Hours spent preparing for class (studying, reading, writing, doing homework or lab work, etc. related to academic program)

Number of assigned textbooks, books, or book-length packs of course readings

Number of written papers or reports of 20 pages or more, between 5 and 19 pages, and fewer than 5 pages

Coursework emphasizes: Analysis of the basic elements of an idea, experience or theory

Coursework emphasizes: **Synthesis** and organizing of ideas, information, or experiences into new, more complex interpretations and relationships

Coursework emphasizes: Making of judgments about the value of information, arguments, or methods

Coursework emphasizes: **Applying** theories or concepts to practical problems or in new situations Working harder than you thought you could to meet an instructor's standards or expectations

Campus environment emphasizes: Spending significant amount of time studying and on academic work

b \* p<.05 \*\* p<.01 \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



## **Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL)**

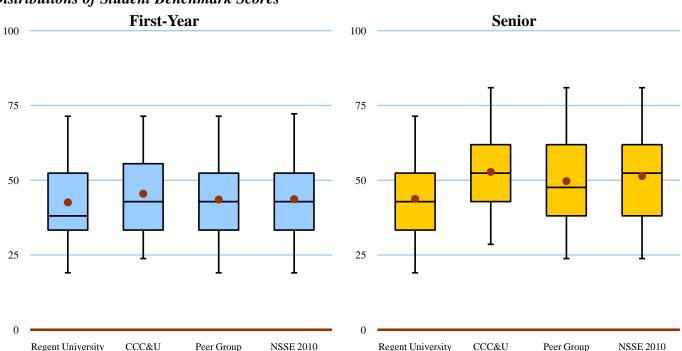
#### Mean Comparisons

Regent University compared with:

	Regent University	C	CCC&U			Group		NSSE 2010			
	•			Effect		-	Effect			Effect	
Class	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	
First-Year	42.6	45.5	*	19	43.6		06	43.7		06	
Senior	43.8	52.8	***	56	49.7	***	34	51.4	***	43	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Weighted by gender and enrollment status (and by institution size for comparison groups).

#### Distributions of Student Benchmark Scores



Note: Each box and whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot shows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values.

#### Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL) Items

Students learn more when they are intensely involved in their education and asked to think about what they are learning in different settings. Collaborating with others in solving problems or mastering difficult material prepares students for the messy, unscripted problems they will encounter daily during and after college.

Asked questions in class or contributed to class discussions

Made a class presentation

Worked with other students on projects during class

Worked with classmates outside of class to prepare class assignments

Tutored or taught other students (paid or voluntary)

Participated in a community-based project (e.g., service learning) as part of a regular course

Discussed ideas from your readings or classes with others outside of class (students, family members, co-workers, etc.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> \* p<.05 \*\* p<.01 \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

## **Student-Faculty Interaction (SFI)**

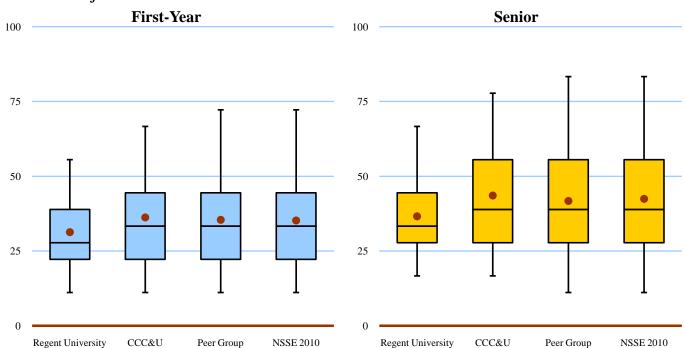
#### Mean Comparisons

Regent University compared with:

	Regent University	C	CCC&U			Group		NSSE 2010			
	•			Effect		-	Effect			Effect	
Class	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	
First-Year	31.3	36.2	***	28	35.4	**	23	35.2	**	21	
Senior	36.6	43.6	***	36	41.7	***	25	42.5	***	28	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Weighted by gender and enrollment status (and by institution size for comparison groups).

#### Distributions of Student Benchmark Scores



Note: Each box and whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot shows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values.

#### Student-Faculty Interaction (SFI) Items

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve practical problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside the classroom. As a result, their teachers become role models, mentors, and guides for continuous, life-long learning.

Discussed grades or assignments with an instructor

Talked about career plans with a faculty member or advisor

Discussed ideas from your readings or classes with faculty members outside of class

Worked with faculty members on activities other than coursework (committees, orientation, student-life activities, etc.)

Received prompt written or oral feedback from faculty on your academic performance

Worked on a research project with a faculty member outside of course or program requirements

b \* p<.05 \*\* p<.01 \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



## **Enriching Educational Experiences (EEE)**

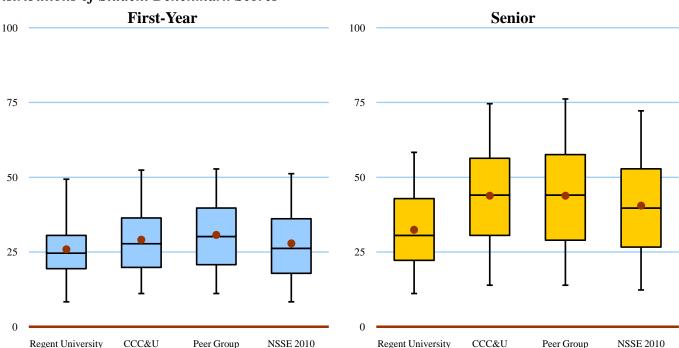
#### Mean Comparisons

Regent University compared with:

	Regent University	C	CCC&U			Group		NSSE 2010			
	•			Effect		-	Effect			Effect	
Class	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	Mean a	Sig b	Size c	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	
First-Year	25.9	29.1	*	25	30.7	***	36	27.9		14	
Senior	32.4	43.8	***	64	43.8	***	60	40.5	***	44	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Weighted by gender and enrollment status (and by institution size for comparison groups).

#### Distributions of Student Benchmark Scores



Note: Each box and whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot shows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values.

#### Enriching Educational Experiences (EEE) Items

Complementary learning opportunities enhance academic programs. Diversity experiences teach students valuable things about themselves and others. Technology facilitates collaboration between peers and instructors. Internships, community service, and senior capstone courses provide opportunities to integrate and apply knowledge.

Hours spent participating in co-curricular activities (organizations, campus publications, student gov., social fraternity or sorority, etc.)

Practicum, internship, field experience, co-op experience, or clinical assignment

Community service or volunteer work

Foreign language coursework and study abroad

Independent study or self-designed major

Culminating senior experience (capstone course, senior project or thesis, comprehensive exam, etc.)

Serious conversations with students of different religious beliefs, political opinions, or personal values

Serious conversations with students of a different race or ethnicity than your own

Using electronic medium (e.g., listsery, chat group, Internet, instant messaging, etc.) to discuss or complete an assignment

Campus environment encouraging contact among students from different economic, social, and racial or ethnic backgrounds

Participate in a learning community or some other formal program where groups of students take two or more classes together

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> \* p<.05 \*\* p<.01 \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



## **Supportive Campus Environment (SCE)**

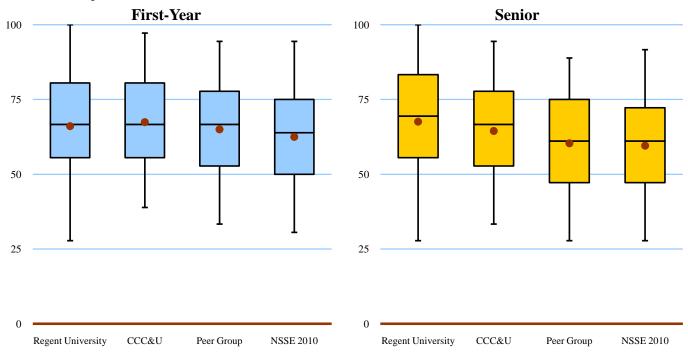
#### Mean Comparisons

Regent University compared with:

	Regent University	C	CCC&U			Group		NSSE 2010			
	•			Effect		-	Effect			Effect	
Class	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Size c	
First-Year	66.1	67.4		07	65.0		.06	62.5	*	.19	
Senior	67.6	64.5	*	.17	60.4	***	.39	59.6	***	.42	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Weighted by gender and enrollment status (and by institution size for comparison groups).

#### Distributions of Student Benchmark Scores



Note: Each box and whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot shows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values.

#### Supportive Campus Environment (SCE) Items

Students perform better and are more satisfied at colleges that are committed to their success and cultivate positive working and social relations among different groups on campus.

Campus environment provides the support you need to help you succeed academically

Campus environment helps you cope with your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)

Campus environment provides the support you need to thrive socially

Quality of relationships with other students

Quality of relationships with faculty members

Quality of relationships with administrative personnel and offices

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> \* p<.05 \*\* p<.01 \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



### NSSE 2010 Benchmark Comparisons With Highly Engaging Institutions

#### **Interpreting the Top 10% and Top 50% Comparisons**

This section of the NSSE Benchmark Comparisons report allows you to estimate the performance of your average student in relation to the average student attending two different institutional peer groups identified by NSSE for their high levels of student engagement: (a) institutions with benchmark scores placing them in the top 50% of all NSSE schools in 2010 and (b) institutions with benchmark scores in the top 10% for 2010. These comparisons allow an institution to determine if the engagement of their students differs in significant, meaningful ways from students in these high performing peer groups.

### **Example**

					NSSEville Sta	ate compared w	ith					
		NSSEville State		NSSE Top 5			NSSE 2010 Top 10%					
		Mean	Mean	Sig	Effect size	Mean	Sig	Effect size				
• .	LAC	57.1	55.8	*	.10	60.5	***	-0.28				
ear	ACL	50.3	45.8	***	.28	50.7		-0.02				
t-Y	SFI	37.3	37.2		.01	42.0	***	-0.24				
First-Y	EEE	21.8	30.0	***	63	34.4	***	-0.98				
<b>—</b>	SCE	60.9	64.7	***	21	69.7	***	-0.49				

#### Based on the example above NSSEville State CAN conclude...

- ◆ The average score for NSSEville State first-year students is slightly above (i.e., small positive effect size) that of the average student attending NSSE 2010 schools that scored in the top 50% on Level of Academic Challenge (LAC).
- The average NSSEville State first-year student is as engaged (i.e., not significantly different) as the average student attending NSSE 2010 schools that scored in the top 10% on Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL).
- It is *likely* that NSSEville State is in the top 50% of all NSSE 2010 schools for first-year students on Level of Academic Challenge (LAC) and Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL).<sup>a</sup>

#### Based on the example above NSSEville State CANNOT conclude<sup>a</sup>...

- NSSEville State is in the top half of all schools on the Student-Faculty Interaction (SFI) benchmark for first-year students.
- NSSEville State is a "top ten percent" institution on Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL) for first-year students.

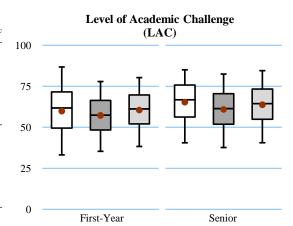
Additional information regarding the Top 50% and Top 10% section of the benchmark report can be found on the NSSE Web site. nsse.iub.edu/links/institutional\_reporting

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each benchmark, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, benchmark scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors are adjusted substantially toward the grand mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors receive smaller corrections. Thus, schools with less stable data, though they may have high scores, may not be identified among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release individual school results and our policy against the ranking of institutions.



## NSSE 2010 Benchmark Comparisons With Highly Engaging Institutions Regent University

				Re	gent University	comparea	l with				
		Regent University		NSSE 2 Top 50		NSSE 2010 Top 10%					
		Mean <sup>a</sup>	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Effect size c	Mean <sup>a</sup>	Sig b	Effect size c			
•	LAC	59.8	57.2		.20	60.5		05			
ear	ACL	42.6	48.1	***	32	52.2	***	54			
First-Year	SFI	31.3	39.9	***	44	44.1	***	60			
Ę	EEE	25.9	31.1	***	38	33.6	***	55			
Ξ.	SCE	66.1	67.2		06	70.8	**	26			
	LAC	65.3	60.9	***	.32	63.8		.11			
Ä	ACL	43.8	56.6	***	75	60.3	***	93			
Senior	SFI	36.6	49.2	***	59	55.3	***	85			
Š	EEE	32.4	47.7	***	85	55.8	***	-1.36			
	SCE	67.6	64.7	*	.15	68.6		05			



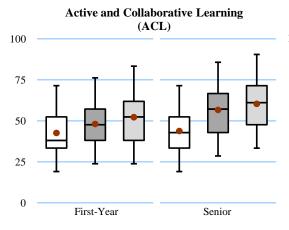
### Legend

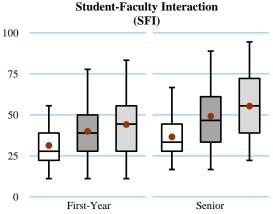
Regent University

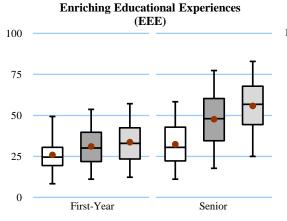
☐ Top 50% ☐ Top 10%

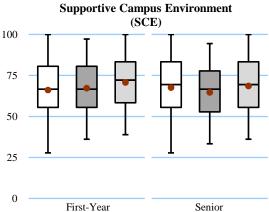
This display con

This display compares your students with those attending schools that scored in the top 50% and top 10% of all NSSE 2010 institutions on a particular benchmark.









Note: Each box and whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot shows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Weighted by gender and enroll. status (and by inst. size for comp. groups).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> \* p<.05 \*\* p<.01 \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Mean diff. divided by the pooled standard dev.



## NSSE 2010 Benchmark Comparisons Detailed Statistics and Effect Sizes <sup>a</sup> Regent University

**First-Year Students** 

		Thst-real Students							Reference Group					
		Mea	an Stati	stics	<b>Distribution Statistics</b>					Comparison Statistics				
	•					Pe	ercentile	s <sup>d</sup>		Deg. of	Mean		Effect	
	,	Mean	SD b	SEM <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Freedom e	Diff.	Sig. f	size <sup>g</sup>	
LEVEL OF ACADEMIC CH	ALLENGE (LA	<b>(C</b> )												
Regent University	(N = 109)	59.8	16.5	1.6	33	50	62	72	87					
CCC&U		53.6	12.8	.2	33	45	53	62	75	112	6.2	.000	.48	
Peer Group		55.1	13.2	.2	33	47	55	64	76	112	4.7	.004	.36	
NSSE 2010		54.1	13.6	.0	32	45	54	64	76	108	5.8	.000	.43	
Top 50%		57.2	13.1	.0	35	48	57	66	78	108	2.6	.098	.20	
Top 10%		60.5	12.9	.1	38	52	61	70	80	109	7	.676	05	
ACTIVE AND COLLABORA	ATIVE LEARN	ING (AC	CL)											
Regent University	(N = 115)	42.6	16.0	1.5	19	33	38	52	71					
CCC&U		45.5	15.3	.3	24	33	43	56	71	3,706	-2.9	.048	19	
Peer Group		43.6	16.3	.2	19	33	43	52	71	4,368	-1.0	.526	06	
NSSE 2010		43.7	16.8	.0	19	33	43	52	72	253,049	-1.1	.489	06	
Top 50%		48.1	17.0	.1	24	38	48	57	76	80,233	-5.5	.001	32	
Top 10%		52.2	17.8	.1	24	38	52	62	83	116	-9.6	.000	54	
STUDENT-FACULTY INTE	RACTION (SFI	)												
Regent University	(N = 111)	31.3	14.2	1.3	11	22	28	39	56					
CCC&U		36.2	17.5	.3	11	22	33	44	67	121	-4.9	.001	28	
Peer Group		35.4	18.0	.3	11	22	33	44	72	120	-4.1	.003	23	
NSSE 2010		35.2	18.6	.0	11	22	33	44	72	110	-3.9	.005	21	
Top 50%		39.9	19.6	.1	11	28	39	50	78	110	-8.6	.000	44	
Top 10%		44.1	21.5	.2	11	28	44	56	83	114	-12.8	.000	60	
ENRICHING EDUCATIONA	AL EXPERIENC	CES (EE	EE)											
Regent University	(N = 105)	25.9	12.3	1.2	8	19	25	31	49					
CCC&U		29.1	12.7	.2	11	20	28	36	52	3,406	-3.2	.012	25	
Peer Group		30.7	13.3	.2	11	21	30	40	53	111	-4.8	.000	36	
NSSE 2010		27.9	13.5	.0	8	18	26	36	51	104	-2.0	.107	14	
Top 50%		31.1	13.6	.0	11	22	30	40	54	104	-5.2	.000	38	
Top 10%		33.6	14.0	.1	12	23	33	42	57	105	-7.7	.000	55	
SUPPORTIVE CAMPUS EN	VIRONMENT (	(SCE)												
Regent University	(N = 104)	66.1	20.8	2.0	28	56	67	81	100					
CCC&U		67.4	17.8	.3	39	56	67	81	97	3,337	-1.3	.453	07	
Peer Group		65.0	18.3	.3	33	53	67	78	94	3,974	1.1	.563	.06	
NSSE 2010		62.5	18.8	.0	31	50	64	75	94	222,017	3.6	.050	.19	
Top 50%		67.2	18.0	.1	36	56	67	81	97	63,250	-1.1	.527	06	
Top 10%		70.8	17.9	.2	39	58	72	83	100	10,713	-4.7	.008	26	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All statistics are weighted by gender and enrollment status. Comparison group statistics are also weighted by institutional size.

IPEDS: 231651

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

 $<sup>^{</sup>c}$  Standard Error of the Mean: Use SEM to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI is the range of values that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean, equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 \* SEM.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level benchmark scores at or below which a given percentage of benchmark scores fall.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary for the total Ns due to weighting and the equal variance assumption.

f Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g Effect size is calculated by subtracting the comparison group mean from the school mean, and dividing the result by the pooled standard deviation.



### NSSE 2010 Benchmark Comparisons Detailed Statistics and Effect Sizes <sup>a</sup> Regent University

**Seniors** 

							Reference Group						
		Me	an Stati	stics		Distrib			s	Cc	mpariso	n Statistic	s
						Pe	ercentile	s <sup>d</sup>		Deg. of	Mean	c	Effect
		Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SEM <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Freedom e	Diff.	Sig. f	size g
LEVEL OF ACADEMIC CH	ALLENGE (LA	C)											
Regent University	(N = 274)	65.3	13.5	.8	41	56	67	76	85				
CCC&U		57.9	13.7	.2	34	49	58	67	80	3,573	7.4	.000	.54
Peer Group		57.8	13.9	.2	34	49	58	68	80	4,856	7.6	.000	.54
NSSE 2010		57.5	14.4	.0	33	48	58	68	80	286,011	7.8	.000	.54
Top 50%		60.9	13.7	.0	38	52	61	70	82	86,545	4.4	.000	.32
Top 10%		63.8	13.6	.1	41	55	65	73	85	19,236	1.6	.059	.11
ACTIVE AND COLLABORA	ATIVE LEARN	ING (AC	CL)										
Regent University	(N = 286)	43.8	16.1	1.0	19	33	43	52	71				
CCC&U		52.8	16.1	.3	29	43	52	62	81	3,700	-9.1	.000	56
Peer Group		49.7	17.8	.3	24	38	48	62	81	328	-6.0	.000	34
NSSE 2010		51.4	17.7	.0	24	38	52	62	81	286	-7.6	.000	43
Top 50%		56.6	17.2	.1	29	43	57	67	86	73,373	-12.9	.000	75
Top 10%		60.3	17.9	.1	33	48	61	71	90	298	-16.6	.000	93
STUDENT-FACULTY INTE	RACTION (SFI	)											
Regent University	(N = 274)	36.6	15.9	1.0	17	28	33	44	67				
CCC&U		43.6	19.8	.3	17	28	39	56	78	347	-7.0	.000	36
Peer Group		41.7	20.7	.3	11	28	39	56	83	331	-5.1	.000	25
NSSE 2010		42.5	21.0	.0	11	28	39	56	83	274	-5.9	.000	28
Top 50%		49.2	21.5	.1	17	33	47	61	89	277	-12.6	.000	59
Top 10%		55.3	22.2	.2	22	39	56	72	94	303	-18.8	.000	85
ENRICHING EDUCATIONA	AL EXPERIENC	CES (EE	EE)										
Regent University	(N = 271)	32.4	14.5	.9	11	22	31	43	58				
CCC&U		43.8	18.2	.3	14	31	44	56	75	344	-11.4	.000	64
Peer Group		43.8	19.1	.3	14	29	44	58	76	329	-11.4	.000	60
NSSE 2010		40.5	18.3	.0	12	27	40	53	72	271	-8.1	.000	44
Top 50%		47.7	18.0	.1	18	35	48	60	77	272	-15.3	.000	85
Top 10%		55.8	17.3	.2	25	44	57	68	83	286	-23.4	.000	-1.36
SUPPORTIVE CAMPUS EN	VIRONMENT (	(SCE)											
Regent University	(N = 264)	67.6	20.9	1.3	28	56	69	83	100				
CCC&U		64.5	18.6	.3	33	53	67	78	94	298	3.1	.019	.17
Peer Group		60.4	18.6	.3	28	47	61	75	89	288	7.2	.000	.39
NSSE 2010		59.6	19.3	.0	28	47	61	72	92	264	8.0	.000	.42
Top 50%		64.7	18.9	.1	33	53	67	78	94	265	2.9	.024	.15
Top 10%		68.6	18.5	.2	36	56	69	83	100	275	-1.0	.445	05

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All statistics are weighted by gender and enrollment status. Comparison group statistics are also weighted by institutional size.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

 $<sup>^{</sup>c}$  Standard Error of the Mean: Use SEM to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI is the range of values that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean, equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 \* SEM.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level benchmark scores at or below which a given percentage of benchmark scores fall.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary for the total Ns due to weighting and the equal variance assumption.

f Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g Effect size is calculated by subtracting the comparison group mean from the school mean, and dividing the result by the pooled standard deviation.