

Regent University

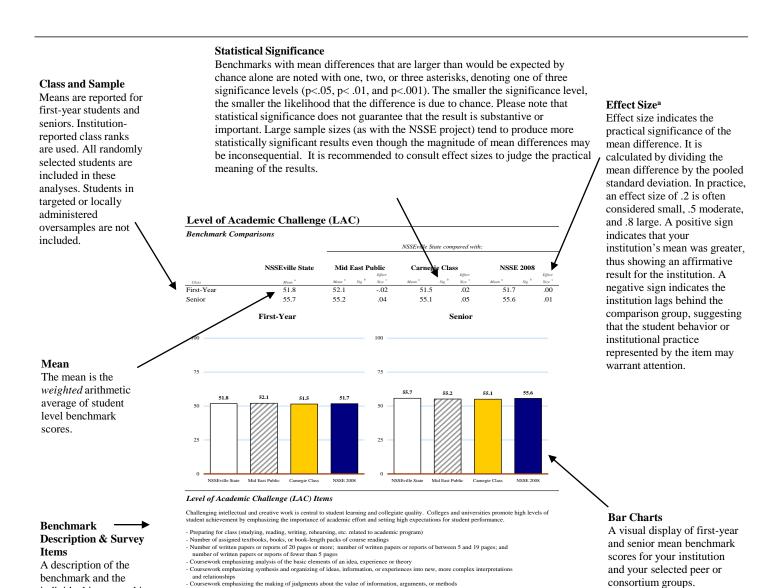
Benchmark Comparisons August 2008



Interpreting the Benchmark Comparisons Report

consortium groups.

To focus discussions about the importance of student engagement and guide institutional improvement efforts, NSSE created five Benchmarks of Effective Educational Practice: Level of Academic Challenge, Active and Collaborative Learning, Student-Faculty Interaction, Enriching Educational Experiences, and Supportive Campus Environment. This Benchmark Comparisons Report compares the performance of your institution with your selected peers or consortium. In addition, page 9 provides two other comparisons between your school and (a) above-average institutions with benchmarks in the top 50% of all NSSE institutions and (b) high-performing institutions with benchmarks in the top 10% of all NSSE institutions. These displays allow you to determine if the engagement of your typical student differs in a statistically significant, meaningful way from the average student in these comparison groups. More detailed information about how benchmarks are created can be found on the NSSE Web site at www.nsse.iub.edu/2008_Institutional_Report/.



Coursework emphasizing application of theories or concepts to practical problems or in new situation Working harder than you thought you could to meet an instructor's standards or expectations
 Campus environment emphasizing time studying and on academic work

individual items used in

its creation are summarized.

^a See the NSSE Effect Size Interpretation Guide at www.nsse.iub.edu/html/effect_size_guide.cfm for additional information.



Level of Academic Challenge (LAC)

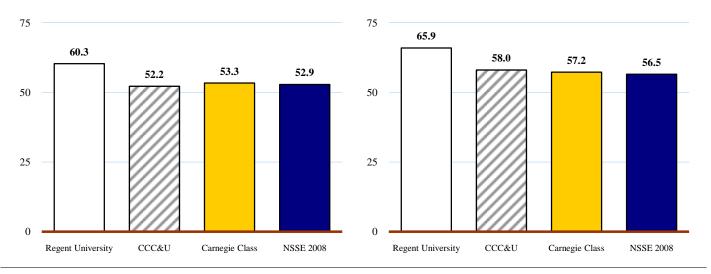
Benchmark Comparisons

Regent University compared with:

	Regent University	C	CC&I	IJ	Carneg	ie Clas	SS	NSSE 2008			
				Effect			Effect			Effect	
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	
First-Year	60.3	52.2	***	.62	53.3	***	.50	52.9	***	.55	
Senior	65.9	58.0	***	.57	57.2	***	.61	56.5	***	.66	

First-Year Senior

100



Level of Academic Challenge (LAC) Items

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote high levels of student achievement by emphasizing the importance of academic effort and setting high expectations for student performance.

Preparing for class (studying, reading, writing, doing homework or lab work, etc. related to academic program)

Number of assigned textbooks, books, or book-length packs of course readings

Number of written papers or reports of <u>20 pages or more</u>; number of written papers or reports of <u>between 5 and 19 pages</u>; and number of written papers or reports of <u>fewer than 5 pages</u>

Coursework emphasizes: Analysis of the basic elements of an idea, experience or theory

Coursework emphasizes: **Synthesis** and organizing of ideas, information, or experiences into new, more complex interpretations and relationships

Coursework emphasizes: Making of judgments about the value of information, arguments, or methods

Coursework emphasizes: Applying theories or concepts to practical problems or in new situations

Working harder than you thought you could to meet an instructor's standards or expectations

Campus environment emphasizes: Spending significant amount of time studying and on academic work.

^a Weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL)

Benchmark Comparisons

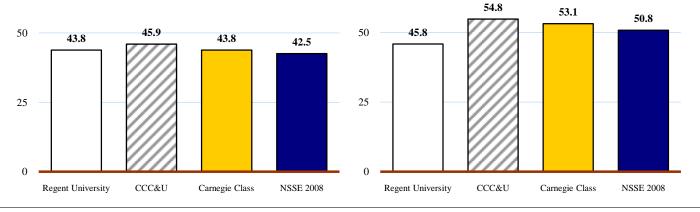
Regent University compared with:

	Regent University	CC	C&U	Carnegie Cl	ass	NSSE 2008		
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a S	Sig b Size c	Mean ^a Sig ^b	Size c	Mean ^a Sig ^b	Size c	
First-Year	43.8	45.9	13	43.8	.00	42.5	.07	
Senior	45.8	54.8 *	***56	53.1 ***	41	50.8 ***	28	

First-Year Senior







Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL) Items

Students learn more when they are intensely involved in their education and asked to think about what they are learning in different settings. Collaborating with others in solving problems or mastering difficult material prepares students for the messy, unscripted problems they will encounter daily during and after college.

Asked questions in class or contributed to class discussions

Made a class presentation

Worked with other students on projects during class

Worked with classmates **outside of class** to prepare class assignments

Tutored or taught other students (paid or voluntary)

Participated in a community-based project (e.g., service learning) as part of a regular course

Discussed ideas from your readings or classes with others outside of class (students, family members, co-workers, etc.)

^a Weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

Student-Faculty Interaction (SFI)

Benchmark Comparisons

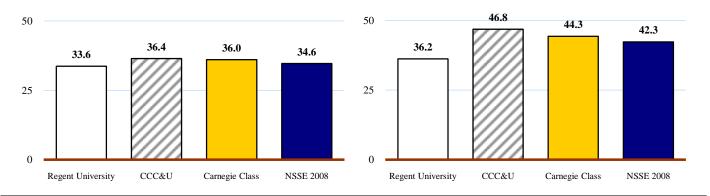
Regent University compared with:

	Regent University	C	CC&I	J	Carnegi	e Clas	SS	NSS		
				Effect			Effect			Effect
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c
First-Year	33.6	36.4		16	36.0		13	34.6	5	05
Senior	36.2	46.8	***	54	44.3	***	38	42.3	} ***	29

First-Year Senior







Student-Faculty Interaction (SFI) Items

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve practical problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside the classroom. As a result, their teachers become role models, mentors, and guides for continuous, life-long learning.

Discussed grades or assignments with an instructor

Talked about career plans with a faculty member or advisor

Discussed ideas from your readings or classes with faculty members outside of class

Worked with faculty members on activities other than coursework (committees, orientation, student-life activities, etc.)

Received prompt written or oral feedback from faculty on your academic performance

Worked on a research project with a faculty member outside of course or program requirements

^a Weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

Enriching Educational Experiences (EEE)

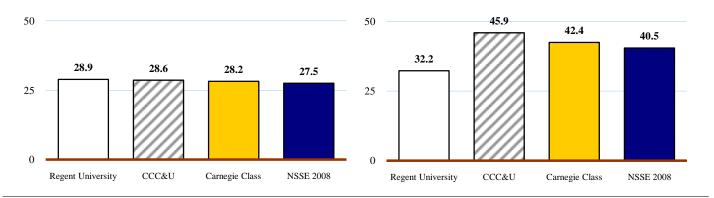
Benchmark Comparisons

Regent University compared with:

	Regent University	C	CCC&I	U	Carne	gie Cla	SS	NSS	E 2008	
				Effect		_	Effect			Effect
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig ^D	Size c
First-Year	28.9	28.6		.02	28.2	2	.05	27.	5	.10
Senior	32.2	45.9	***	82	42.4	***	55	40.	5 ***	45
	First-Year					S	enior			







Enriching Educational Experiences (EEE) Items

Complementary learning opportunities enhance academic programs. Diversity experiences teach students valuable things about themselves and others. Technology facilitates collaboration between peers and instructors. Internships, community service, and senior capstone courses provide opportunities to integrate and apply knowledge.

Participating in co-curricular activities (organizations, campus publications, student government, social fraternity or sorority, etc.)

Practicum, internship, field experience, co-op experience, or clinical assignment

Community service or volunteer work

Foreign language coursework / Study abroad

Independent study or self-designed major

Culminating senior experience (capstone course, senior project or thesis, comprehensive exam, etc.)

Serious conversations with students of different religious beliefs, political opinions, or personal values

Serious conversations with students of a different race or ethnicity than your own

Using electronic medium (e.g., listserv, chat group, Internet, instant messaging, etc.) to discuss or complete an assignment

Campus environment encouraging contact among students from different economic, social, and racial or ethnic backgrounds

Participate in a learning community or some other formal program where groups of students take two or more classes together

^a Weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

Supportive Campus Environment (SCE)

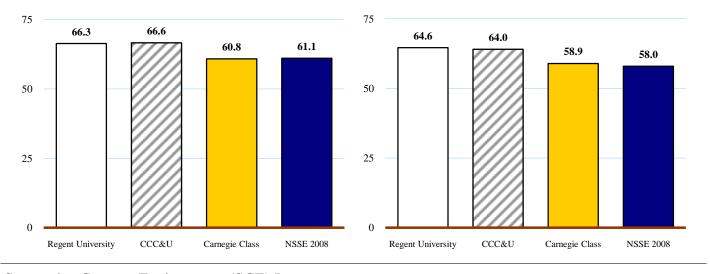
Benchmark Comparisons

Regent University compared with:

	Regent University	CCC	& U	Carneg	ie Clas	SS	NSSE 2008			
			Effect			Effect			Effect	
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a Sig	b Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	
First-Year	66.3	66.6	02	60.8	*	.29	61.1	*	.28	
Senior	64.6	64.0	.03	58.9	***	.29	58.0	***	.34	

First-Year Senior

100 — 100 –



Supportive Campus Environment (SCE) Items

Students perform better and are more satisfied at colleges that are committed to their success and cultivate positive working and social relations among different groups on campus.

Campus environment provides the support you need to help you succeed academically

Campus environment helps you cope with your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)

Campus environment provides the support you need to thrive socially

Quality of relationships with other students

Quality of relationships with faculty members

Quality of relationships with administrative personnel and offices

^a Weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



NSSE 2008 Benchmark Comparisons With Highly Engaging Institutions

Interpreting the Top 10% and Top 50% Comparisons

This section of the NSSE Benchmark Comparisons report allows you to estimate the performance of your average student in relation to the average student attending two different institutional peer groups identified by NSSE for their high levels of student engagement: (a) those with benchmark scores placing them in the top 50% of all NSSE schools in 2008 and (b) those with benchmark scores in the top 10% for 2008. These comparisons allow an institution to determine if their engagement of their students differs in significant, meaningful ways from these high performing peer groups.

Example

		NSSEville State		NSSE Top :		NSSE 2008 Top 10%				
	LAC	<i>Mean</i> 57.1	<i>Mean</i> 55.8	Sig *	Effect size .10	Mean 60.5	Sig ***	Effect size -0.28		
ear	ACL	50.3	45.8	***	.28	50.7		-0.02		
t-Y	SFI	37.3	37.2		.01	42.0	***	-0.24		
First-	EEE	21.8	30.0	***	63	34.4	***	-0.98		
-	SCE	60.9	64.7	***	21	69.7	***	-0.49		

NSSEville State CAN conclude...

- ◆ The average score for NSSEville State first-year students is slightly above (i.e., small positive effect size) that of the average student attending NSSE 2008 schools that scored in the top 50% on Level of Academic Challenge (LAC).
- The average NSSEville State first-year student is as engaged (i.e., not significantly different) as the average student attending NSSE 2008 schools that scored in the top 10% on Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL).
- ◆ It is *likely* that NSSEville State is in the top 50% of all NSSE 2008 schools for first-year students on Level of Academic Challenge (LAC) and Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL).a,b

NSSEville State CANNOT concludea...

- NSSEville State is in the top half of all schools on the Student-Faculty Interaction (SFI) benchmark for first-year students.^b
- NSSEville State is a "top ten percent" institution on Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL) for first-year students.^b

For additional information on how to understand and use the Top 50% and Top 10% section of the benchmark report, see www.nsse.iub.edu/2008_Institutional_Report/.

^a Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each benchmark, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, benchmark scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors are adjusted substantially toward the grand mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors receive smaller corrections. Thus, schools with less stable data, though they may have high scores, may not be identified among the top scorers.

^b NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release individual school results and because our policy against the ranking of institutions.

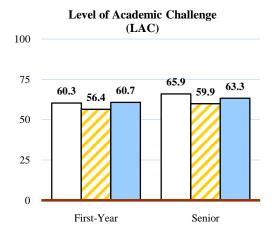


NSSE 2008 Benchmark Comparisons With Highly Engaging Institutions Regent University

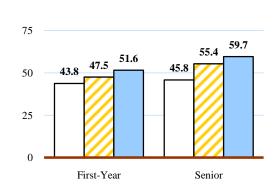
Regent			

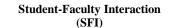
		Regent University		NSSE 2 Top 50			NSSE 2 Top 10	
		Mean ^a	Mean ^a	Sig b	Effect size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Effect size c
	LAC	60.3	56.4	**	.30	60.7		03
ear	ACL	43.8	47.5	*	22	51.6	***	43
t-Y	SFI	33.6	39.7	***	31	43.6	***	47
First-Y	EEE	28.9	30.3		10	33.0	**	28
	SCE	66.3	65.8		.03	68.5		12
•	LAC	65.9	59.9	***	.44	63.3	**	.19
ŗ	ACL	45.8	55.4	***	56	59.7	***	80
Senior	SFI	36.2	49.3	***	61	55.3	***	88
Š	EEE	32.2	47.3	***	85	54.3	***	-1.28
	SCE	64.6	63.5		.06	66.7		11

100



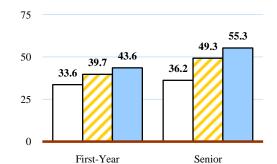
Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL)





100

100



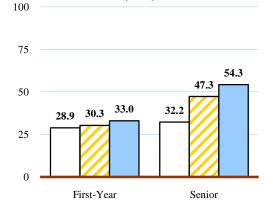
This display compares your students with those attending schools that scored in the top 50% and top 10% of all NSSE 2008 institutions on a particular benchmark.

Regent University

Legend

Z Top 50%

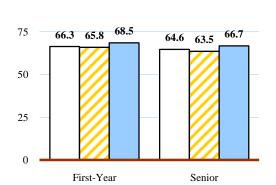
Top 10%



Enriching Educational Experiences

(EEE)

Supportive Campus Environment (SCE)



^a Weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



NSSE 2008 Benchmark Comparisons Detailed Statistics and Effect Sizes ^a Regent University

First-Year Students

LEVEL OF ACADEMIC CHALLENGE (I Regent University (N = 87)	Mean 60.3 52.2 53.3	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	Pe 25th	ercentile	s ^d				n Statistic	Effect
,	60.3 52.2		SEM ^c	5th	25th		Percentiles d		Deg. of Mean			
,	60.3 52.2	14.0			2501	50th	75th	95th	Freedom e	Diff.	Sig. f	size ^g
Perent University $(N - 97)$	52.2	14.0										
Regent University (14 = 87)			1.5	35	49	61	72	80				
CCC&U	52.2	13.0	.3	31	44	52	61	74	2,144	8.1	.000	.62
Carnegie Class	33.3	13.8	.1	31	44	53	63	76	14,867	7.0	.000	.50
NSSE 2008	52.9	13.5	.0	31	44	53	62	75	239,835	7.5	.000	.55
Top 50%	56.4	13.1	.0	35	48	56	66	77	85,493	3.9	.005	.30
Top 10%	60.7	12.8	.1	38	52	61	70	80	15,287	4	.792	03
ACTIVE AND COLLABORATIVE LEAR	NING (AC	CL)										
Regent University $(N = 87)$	43.8	16.7	1.8	19	33	43	52	71				
CCC&U	45.9	16.1	.3	24	33	43	57	75	2,373	-2.2	.220	13
Carnegie Class	43.8	17.4	.1	19	33	43	52	76	16,721	.0	.999	.00
NSSE 2008	42.5	16.9	.0	19	29	42	52	71	264,423	1.3	.488	.07
Top 50%	47.5	17.0	.1	24	33	48	57	76	80,756	-3.7	.040	22
Top 10%	51.6	17.9	.1	24	38	50	62	83	17,524	-7.8	.000	43
STUDENT-FACULTY INTERACTION (SI	FI)											
Regent University $(N = 89)$	33.6	15.7	1.7	11	22	33	44	61				
CCC&U	36.4	17.8	.4	11	22	33	44	67	2,170	-2.8	.148	16
Carnegie Class	36.0	19.0	.2	11	22	33	47	72	89	-2.4	.154	13
NSSE 2008	34.6	18.7	.0	11	22	33	44	72	88	-1.0	.562	05
Top 50%	39.7	19.4	.1	11	28	39	50	78	88	-6.1	.000	31
Top 10%	43.6	21.2	.2	13	28	39	56	83	90	-9.9	.000	47
ENRICHING EDUCATIONAL EXPERIEN	NCES (EE	EE)										
Regent University $(N = 85)$	28.9	14.2	1.5	10	19	28	36	53				
CCC&U	28.6	12.7	.3	11	19	27	36	51	2,066	.3	.833	.02
Carnegie Class	28.2	14.2	.1	8	18	26	36	52	14,344	.7	.642	.05
NSSE 2008	27.5	13.6	.0	8	18	26	36	51	232,790	1.4	.341	.10
Top 50%	30.3	13.7	.0	11	21	29	38	54	105,676	-1.4	.341	10
Top 10%	33.0	14.3	.1	11	23	32	42	58	21,976	-4.1	.009	28
SUPPORTIVE CAMPUS ENVIRONMENT	(SCE)											
Regent University $(N = 82)$	66.3	22.2	2.4	25	50	67	83	100				
CCC&U	66.6	18.4	.4	33	56	67	81	97	86	3	.909	02
Carnegie Class	60.8	19.2	.2	28	47	61	75	94	82	5.5	.027	.29
NSSE 2008	61.1	18.9	.0	30	47	61	75	92	81	5.3	.035	.28
Top 50%	65.8	18.4	.1	33	53	67	78	94	82	.5	.830	.03
Top 10%	68.5	18.4	.1	36	56	69	81	97	82	-2.1	.385	12

^a All statistics are weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b Standard Deviation is a measure of the average amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

^c The 95% confidence interval for the population mean it is equal to the sample mean plus/minus the product of 1.96 times the standard error of the mean.

^d A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level benchmark scores at or below which a given percentage of benchmark scores fall.

e Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary for the total Ns due to weighting and the equal variance assumption.

f Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g Effect size is calculated by subtracting the comparison group mean from the school mean, and dividing the result by the pooled standard deviation.



NSSE 2008 Benchmark Comparisons Detailed Statistics and Effect Sizes ^a Regent University

Seniors

		Mea	an Stati	stics]	Distrib	ution S	tatistic	s	Reference Group Comparison Statistics				
					-		ercentile			Deg. of	Mean		Effect	
		Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Freedom e	Diff.	Sig. f	size ^g	
LEVEL OF ACADEMIC CH	ALLENGE (LA	C)												
Regent University	(N = 223)	65.9	13.0	.9	44	56	67	76	84					
CCC&U		58.0	13.8	.3	35	49	58	68	80	3,119	7.9	.000	.57	
Carnegie Class		57.2	14.4	.1	33	47	57	67	80	22,479	8.7	.000	.61	
NSSE 2008		56.5	14.3	.0	33	47	57	67	79	411,249	9.4	.000	.66	
Top 50%		59.9	13.8	.0	36	51	60	70	81	128,331	6.1	.000	.44	
Top 10%		63.3	13.5	.1	40	54	64	73	84	25,028	2.6	.004	.19	
ACTIVE AND COLLABORA	ATIVE LEARN	ING (AC	CL)											
Regent University	(N = 226)	45.8	14.2	.9	28	38	43	52	71					
CCC&U		54.8	16.2	.3	29	43	52	67	86	270	-9.0	.000	56	
Carnegie Class		53.1	17.8	.1	24	42	52	67	86	232	-7.3	.000	41	
NSSE 2008		50.8	17.6	.0	24	38	48	62	81	226	-5.0	.000	28	
Top 50%		55.4	17.2	.0	29	43	56	67	86	226	-9.6	.000	56	
Top 10%		59.7	17.3	.1	33	48	57	71	90	231	-13.8	.000	80	
STUDENT-FACULTY INTE	RACTION (SFI	(I)												
Regent University	(N = 223)	36.2	16.1	1.1	17	28	33	44	67					
CCC&U		46.8	20.0	.4	17	33	44	61	83	276	-10.7	.000	54	
Carnegie Class		44.3	21.4	.1	17	28	39	56	83	229	-8.1	.000	38	
NSSE 2008		42.3	21.2	.0	11	28	39	56	83	222	-6.1	.000	29	
Top 50%		49.3	21.5	.1	17	33	47	67	89	223	-13.2	.000	61	
Top 10%		55.3	21.7	.2	22	39	56	72	94	235	-19.1	.000	88	
ENRICHING EDUCATIONA	AL EXPERIENC	CES (EE	EE)											
Regent University	(N = 220)	32.2	13.7	.9	11	23	31	39	58					
CCC&U		45.9	16.9	.3	18	33	46	57	73	274	-13.7	.000	82	
Carnegie Class		42.4	18.6	.1	14	29	42	56	75	228	-10.2	.000	55	
NSSE 2008		40.5	18.2	.0	12	27	40	53	72	220	-8.2	.000	45	
Top 50%		47.3	17.7	.0	18	35	47	60	76	221	-15.1	.000	85	
Top 10%		54.3	17.3	.1	22	43	55	67	81	227	-22.1	.000	-1.28	
SUPPORTIVE CAMPUS EN	VIRONMENT ((SCE)												
Regent University	(N = 215)	64.6	20.4	1.4	28	53	67	81	100					
CCC&U		64.0	18.7	.4	33	53	64	78	94	242	.6	.681	.03	
Carnegie Class		58.9	19.9	.1	25	44	58	72	92	21,519	5.7	.000	.29	
NSSE 2008		58.0	19.4	.0	25	44	58	72	89	396,456	6.7	.000	.34	
Top 50%		63.5	18.9	.1	31	50	64	78	94	115,132	1.1	.376	.06	
Top 10%		66.7	18.5	.1	33	56	67	81	97	216	-2.1	.133	11	

^a All statistics are weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b Standard Deviation is a measure of the average amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

^c The 95% confidence interval for the population mean it is equal to the sample mean plus/minus the product of 1.96 times the standard error of the mean.

^d A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level benchmark scores at or below which a given percentage of benchmark scores fall.

e Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary for the total Ns due to weighting and the equal variance assumption.

f Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g Effect size is calculated by subtracting the comparison group mean from the school mean, and dividing the result by the pooled standard deviation.